

# **Miniature Valve Products**

Analytical | Medical | Industrial

Isolation Valves

Pinch Valves

**Proportional Valves** 

General Service Valves

Manifolds





ASCO Valve, Inc., a division of Emerson (NYSE: EMR), has been the world's leading manufacturer of solenoid valves for over 100 years. ASCO has one of the largest offerings of miniature Isolation, Pinch, Proportional, and General Service valves to reliably control liquids and gases for Analytical and Medical market applications. To adhere to the quality and reliability standards necessary for today's applications; all valves are 100% factory tested before being shipped to our valued customers.

Our miniature valves can be found throughout the world in areas such as:

- Dental Equipment
- Gas Analyzers
- Oxygen Concentrators & Conservers
- Ventilators
- Textile

- Dialysis
- DNA Sequencers & Synthesizers
- Gas & Liquid Chromatography
- Hematology Analyzers
- Homeland Security

In addition to our comprehensive catalog product offering, we have the ability to create customized assemblies that provide the precise solution to meet your fluid control needs. Whether you need a minor modification of a catalog product or a complete flow control solution, our trained sales and engineering departments are ready to assist.

For more information and the latest offerings of ASCO products please visit our website www.ascovalve.com or contact your local ASCO representative or distributor.



# **Cleaned for Oxygen Service**



## **ASCO's Oxygen Clean Option**

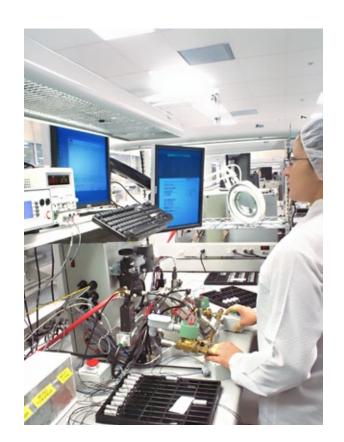
In order to meet the industry's need for product used in Oxygen-enriched environments, ASCO miniature valves are available with an option cleaned for "Oxygen Service".

ASCO has been manufacturing miniature valves cleaned for Oxygen Service for over 15 years. All of the Oxygen Service valves are assembled in an ISO Class 8 equivalent (<100k particles/ft³) cleanroom.



#### **Key Points:**

- State-of-the-art ISO Class 8 equivalent cleanroom with positive pressure HEPA air filtration system monitored daily
- Staff enters and leaves through airlocks with air shower stage and wear protective hair nets, finger cots, shoe covers, lab coats, and masks (when required) to reduce contamination potential
- Environmental controls for humidity and temperature
- Valve components are ultrasonically cleaned to remove any contaminate prior to assembly
- Components are lubricated with Oxygen-compatible PFPE (perfluropolyether) grease and oil, only as required for assembly purposes





# **Isolation Valves**

	282 Series: 2-Way, 8mm Diaphragm Isolation	2		
	067 Series: 2-Way & 3-Way, 10mm Rocker Isolation	4		
	385 Series: 3-Way, 16mm Rocker Isolation	7		
	067 Series: 2-Way & 3-Way, 22mm Flapper Isolation	9		
	458 Series: 2-Way & 3-Way, Rocker Isolation	12		
	190 / 330 Series: 2-Way, PTFE Isolation	15		
	368 Series: 2-Way & 3-Way, High Flow PTFE Isolation	 19		
	8296 Series: 2-Way High Flow, Bellow Isolation	22		
	8396 Series: 3-Way High Flow, Bellow Isolation	24		
	282 Series: 2-Way, High Flow, Diaphragm Isolation M5 and G1/8 Ports	26		
	282 Series: 2-Way, High Flow, Diaphragm Isolation G1/4 Ports	28		
Pinch	Valves			
	388 / 390 / 401 Series: 2-Way, Compact Constructions	32		
	284 Series: 2-Way, Normally Closed & Normally Open	36		
	373 Series: 3-Way, Compact Construction	39		
	384 Series: 3-Way, Universal	41		
Propo	ortional Valves			
	202 Series: 2-Way, Posiflow M5 & Pad Mount	46		
	202 Series: 2-Way, Posiflow G1/8 Ports	48		
	202 Series: 2-Way, Preciflow M5 and G1/8 Ports	50		
	202 Series: 2-Way, Preciflow IPC	52		
Gener	ral Services Valves			
	188 Series: 3-Way, 10mm Solenoid	56		
	188 Series: 3-Way, 10mm, High Flow Solenoid	 59		
	411 Series: 2-Way & 3-Way, 3/4" Diameter Solenoid	62		
	RB Series: 2-Way & 3-Way, Customizable Solenoid	65		
Manif	old Assemblies			
	451 Series: Custom Manifold Assemblies	70		
Acces	ssories			
	Fittings	73		
	Pinch Valve Tube & Guides	 74		
	DIN Electrical Connectors	75		
Engin	eering Information			
9	Innovative Solutions	77		
	Chemical Compatibility Guide	80		
	Conversion Tables			

# AZCO

# **Isolation Valves**



Isolation valves control the flow of neutral and aggressive fluids. The key design characteristic of an isolation valve is to isolate the fluid from the solenoid which is crucial for applications requiring high fluid purity and low dead volume.

Applications examples:

- HPLC Analyzers
- Clinical Sterilizers
- Pipette Dispensing

# **Hematology Analyzers**

ASCO's isolation valves are found in a wide range of hermatology analyzers.

The valves control the supply and dosing of blood in the analytical process.





# **DNA Synthesis**

Isolation valves are used as pilot valves to control the handling of fluids in a DNA synthesizer.

# **8mm Diaphragm Isolation**

Pad Mount



The 282 Series is an 8mm isolation valve utilizing a diaphragm to separate the media from the solenoid. They are characterized by their compact size, long service life, and low dead volume. The 282 Series offers the following benefits:

- Ideal to control the flow of acids, bases, and analytical reagents
- Create separation between the solenoid and fluid
- Easy-to-flush internal cavity and good self-draining capability
- Low dead volume
- Low power consumption
- Easy installation



Valve Wetted Parts			
Body	PEEK		
Diaphragm	FFKM		

#### **Electrical**

Standard Voltages	12 VDC, 24 VDC
Power Consumption	1.0 Watt
Coil Insulation	311°F (155°C)
Electrical Connection	Solder ends
Duty Cycle Rating	Continuous

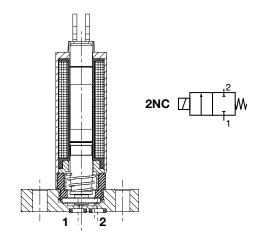
#### **Valve**

Response Time	~ 20 ms
Internal Volume	< 10µl
Maximum Viscosity of Fluid	20 cSt (mm²/s)

#### **Alternate Construction/Options**

Additional construction and options are available including alternate elastomers and mounting options. Minimum quantities apply.





#### **Temperature Range:**

Ambient & Media: 50°F to 104°F (10°C to 40°C)

#### **Approvals:**



	Orifice Size	Cv Flow	Operating Pressure (psi)				Catalog		
Port Type	(in)	Factor	Min.	Max.	Power (Watts)	Prefix	Number	Weight (oz)	
2/2 NC - Normally Closed									
Pad Mount	0.020	0.008	0	7	1.0	L	S282A010xxxx	0.22	

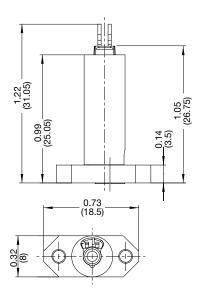
# **Catalog Number Description and Options**

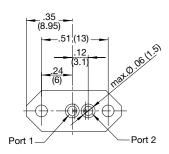


#### Examples

LS282A01012DC = 2-Way normally closed, .020" orifice, FFKM seals, 12 VDC

## **Dimensions: Inches (mm)**





# 10mm Rocker Isolation Valve

Pad Mount



The 067 Series is a 10mm wide, pad mount, rocker isolation valve designed to control the flow of aggressive chemicals or high purity fluids. The Series 067 offers the following benefits:

- Inert materials of construction, such as PEEK and FFKM
- Small internal volume
- Excellent flushability
- Self draining
- Power savings and reduced heat exchange due to special integrated electronics

#### Construction

Valve Wetted Parts			
Body	PEEK		
Diaphragm	FFKM, EPDM, FKM		

#### **Electrical**

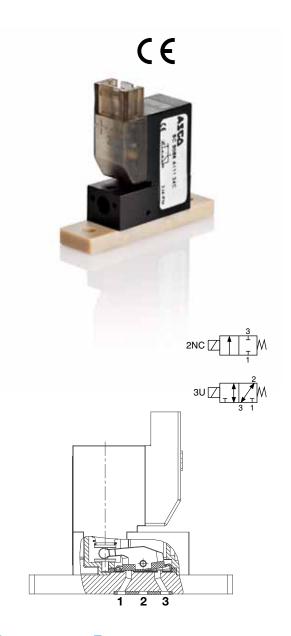
Standard Voltages	12 VDC, 24 VDC
Coil Insulation	311°F (155°C)
Power Consumption	2.5 W (1 W holding with power save electronics)
Duty Cycle Rating	Continuous
<b>Electrical Connector</b>	Connector with 24 AWG leads

#### **Valve**

Response Time	~ 10 ms
Internal Volume	< 13µl
Vacuum Rating	26 in-Hg at any port
Maximum Viscosity of Fluid	20 cST (mm <sup>2</sup> /s)

# **Alternate Construction/Options**

Many alternate constructions/options are available, including a variety of voltages and normally open construction. Minimum quantities apply.



# **Temperature Range:**

Ambient:

50°F to 122°F (10°C to 50°C)

Media:

FFKM, FKM =  $50^{\circ}$ F to  $104^{\circ}$ F ( $10^{\circ}$ C to  $40^{\circ}$ C) EPDM =  $41^{\circ}$ F to  $104^{\circ}$ F ( $5^{\circ}$ C to  $40^{\circ}$ C)

### **Approvals:**



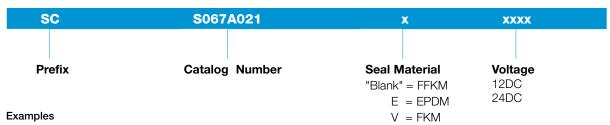
Port	Orifice	Flow Coefficient	Operating F		Electrical Connection/								
Туре	Size (in)	Cv	Vac. (in/Hg)	Max.	Type (*)	Prefix	Catalog Number	Const. Ref.	Weight (oz)				
2/2 NC -	Normally Clo	sed											
					1	SC	S067A021xxxxx	1	6.4				
	0.024	0.008	26.6	44	2	30	S067A022xxxxx	2	6.4				
					3	L	S067A025xxxxx	3	7.8				
					1	SC	S067A026xxxxx	1	6.4				
	0.031	0.012	26.6	30	2	50	S067A027xxxxx	2	6.4				
Pad					3	L	S067A030xxxxx	3	7.8				
Mount					1	SC	S067A031xxxxx	1	6.4				
	0.039	0.02	26.6	22	2	50	S067A032xxxxx	2	6.4				
					3	L	S067A035xxxxx	3	7.8				
				15	1	SC	S067A036xxxxx	1	6.4				
	0.053	0.03	26.6		15	15	2	30	S067A037xxxxxx	2	6.4		
					3	L	S067A040xxxxx	3	7.8				
3/2 U - U	Jniversal												
						1	SC	S067A101xxxxx	1	6.4			
	0.024	0.008	26.6	44	2	50	S067A102xxxxx	2	6.4				
					3	L	S067A105xxxxx	3	7.8				
					1	SC	S067A106xxxxx	1	6.4				
	0.031	0.012	26.6	30	2	50	S067A107xxxxx	2	6.4				
Pad					3	L	S067A110xxxxx	3	7.8				
Mount					1		S067A111xxxxx	1	6.4				
	0.039	0.02	26.6	26.6	26.6	26.6 22	26.6 22	22	2	2 SC	S067A112xxxxx	2	6.4
					3	L	S067A115xxxxx	3	7.8				
			26.6 15	0.03 26.6		1	SC	S067A116xxxxx	1	6.4			
	0.053	0.03			15	2	30	S067A117xxxxx	2	6.4			
					3	L	S067A120xxxxx	3	7.8				

#### **Electrical Connection/Type Description**

(\*) Types 1 & 2 with LED 1 = Horizontal connection 2 = Vertical connection

3 = Flying leads, 0.5 m long

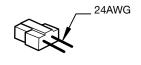
# **Catalog Number Description and Options**



SCS067A021 12DC = 2-Way normally closed, .024" orifice, FFKM Seals, 12 VDC LS067A040E24DC = 2-Way normally closed, .053" orifice, EPDM Seals, 24 VDC

Connectors must be ordered separately, please specify the quantity and codes as necessary Includes one connector and two wires

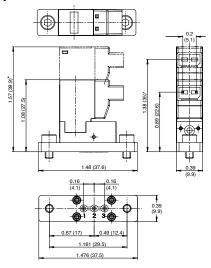
Length	Product Code
20" (.5)	88118801
59" (1.5)	88118802
118" (3)	88118803



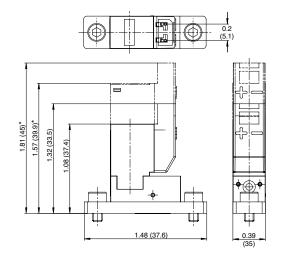


#### **Dimensions: Inches (mm)**

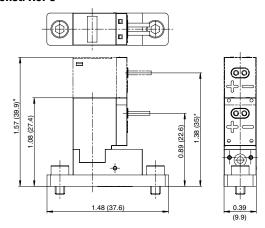
#### Const. Ref 1



#### Const. Ref 2



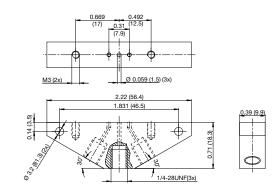
#### Const. Ref 3



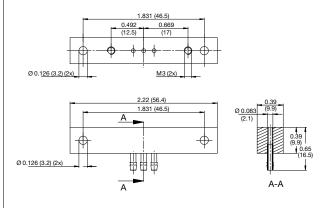
\*Note: Taller coil for 0.053" orifice versions.

## **Single Subbases**

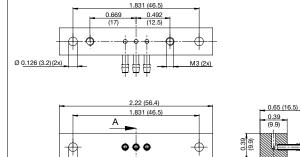
1/4 - 28 UNF thread (Product Code: 36100040, Material: PEEK)



Bottom 0.080 barb hose connection (Product Code: 36100042, Material: PEEK)



Side 0.080 barb hose connection (Product Code: 36100044, Material: PEEK)



Ø 0.126 (3.2) (2x)

A-A

# 16mm Rocker Isolation Valve

Pad Mount





The 385 Series is a 16mm wide, pad mount, rocker isolation valve designed to control the flow of aggressive chemicals or high purity fluids. The Series 385 offers the following benefits:

- Compact manifold design saves space and reduces assembly time.
- Prevents contamination of fluid sample, due to excellent flushing characteristics.
- Create separation between the solenoid and fluid.
- Available with inert materials of construction, such as PEEK and FFKM to handle aggressive chemicals or high purity media.



#### **Construction**

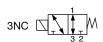
Valve Wetted Parts			
Body	PEEK		
Diaphragm	FFKM, EPDM, FKM		

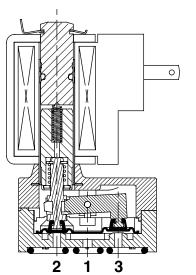
#### **Electrical**

Standard Voltages	12 VDC, 24 VDC
Power Consumption	4 Watts
Duty Cycle Rating	Continuous
Coil Insulation	311°F (155°C)
Electrical Connection	DIN SPADE TERMINALS
DIN Connectors	Size 15mm, DIN 43650 Form C

#### **Valve**

Response Time	~20 ms
Internal Volume	< 67µl
Vacuum Rating	FFKM: 20" Hg at any port EPDM or FKM: Consult ASCO for use with vacuum
Maximum Viscosity of Fluid	37 cST (mm <sup>2</sup> /s)





## **Temperature Range:**

Ambient:

14°F to 140°F (-10°C to 60°C)

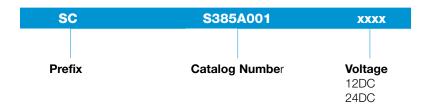
Media

14°F to 212°F (-10°C to 100°C)

#### **Approvals:**



Port	Orifice Size	Cv Flow	Operating Pressure (psi)				Pressure (nsi)		Diaphragm			Const.	Power	Weight
Туре	(in)	Factor	Min.	Max.	Material	Prefix	Catalog Number	Ref.	(Watts)	(oz)				
3/2 NC -	Normally Closed													
					FFKM	SC	S385A001xxxx							
Pad Mount	0.06	0.035	0	35	EPDM	SC	S385A001Exxxx	1	4	1.4				
54111					FKM	SC	S385A001Vxxxx							

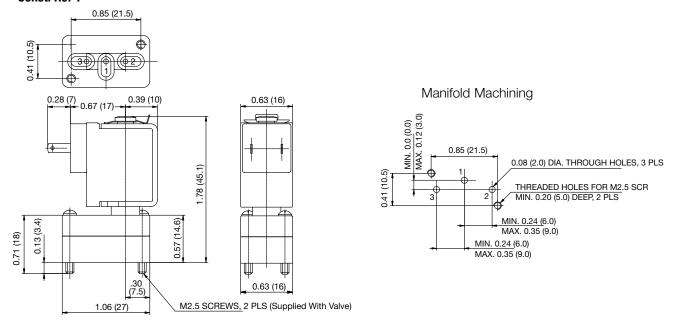


#### Examples

SCS385A00112DC = 3-Way normally closed, .06" orifice, FFKM Seals, 12VDC SCS385A001E24DC = 3-Way normally closed, .06" orifice, EPDM Seals, 24VDC

#### **Dimensions: Inches (mm)**

#### Const. Ref 1





The 067 Series is a 22mm wide, pad mount, flapper isolation valve designed to control the flow of neutral or aggressive fluids. The 067 Series offers the following benefits:

- Create separation between the solenoid and fluid
- Excellent self-draining capability and easy-to-flush internal cavity
- "Flapper" mechanism yields no pumping or sticking effect

#### Construction

Valve Wetted Parts				
Body	PEEK			
Diaphragm	FFKM, EPDM, FKM			

#### **Electrical**

Standard Voltages	12 VDC, 24 VDC				
Coil Insulation	311°F (155°C)				
Power Consumption	10 W				
Duty Cycle	Consult ASCO				
Electrica Connection	DIN Spade Connectors, Flying Leads				
DIN Connector	Size 11mm, DIN 43650 Form B				

#### **Valve**

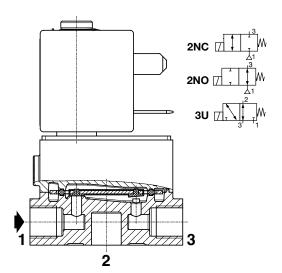
Response Time	~10 ms
Internal Volume	< 48µl (connections not included)
Maximum Viscosity of Fluid	20 cSt (mm <sup>2</sup> /s)

#### **Alternate Construction Options**

Many alternate constructions/options are available, including power save circuit and inline porting. Minimum quantities apply.







#### **Temperature Range:**

Ambient:

50°F to 122°F (10°C to 50°C)

Media:

FFKM =  $32^{\circ}$ F to  $158^{\circ}$ F (0°C to  $70^{\circ}$ C) FKM =  $50^{\circ}$ F to  $104^{\circ}$ F (10°C to  $40^{\circ}$ C) EPDM =  $41^{\circ}$ F to  $104^{\circ}$ F (5°C to  $40^{\circ}$ C)

#### **Approvals:**



	Orifice	Cv Flow		Operating Pressure (psi)  Vac. (in Hg) Max.				Const.	Power	Weight					
Port Type	Size (in)	Factor	Vac. (in Hg)			Prefix	Catalog No.	Ref.	(Watts)	(oz)					
2/2 NC - Norr	mally Closed														
	0.079	0.116	26	145	1	SC	S067A206xxxxx	1	10	4.4					
	0.070	0.110	20	1 10	2	L	00017120070000	2	10	4.2					
Pad Mount	0.118	0.186	26	44	1	SC	S067A207xxxxx	1	10	4.4					
Pau Mourit	0.110	0.100	20		2	L	00017120170000	2	10	4.2					
	0.157	0.348	26	22	1	SC	S067A208vvvv	1	10	4.4					
	0.157	0.346	20	22	2	L	S067A208xxxxx	2	10	4.2					
2/2 NO - Norr	nally Open														
	0.079	0.116	26	73	1	SC	S067A212xxxxx	1	10	4.4					
	0.079	0.110	20	7.0	2	L		2	"	4.2					
Pad Mount	0.118	0.186	26	29	1	SC	S067A213xxxxx	1	- 10	4.4					
Pau Mourit	ad Mount 0.110 0.100	01100	20		2	L		2		4.2					
	0.157	0.348	26	15	1	SC	S067A214xxxxx	1	10	4.4					
	0.157   0.32	0.540	20		2	L		2	10	4.2					
3/2 U - Univer	rsal Operation														
	0.079	0.079 0.116	26	73	1	SC	S067A200xxxxx	1	10	4.4					
	0.079	0.110		20 13	20 10	20	13	10	'0	10	2	L	3007A200XXXX	2	10
Pad Mount	d Mount 0.118 0.186 26	29	1	SC	00074004	1	10	4.4							
rau ivioufit	0.116	0.186	26	29	2	L	S067A201xxxxx	2	10	4.2					
	0.157	0.348	26	15	1	SC	00074000	1		4.4					
	0.137	0.340	20	15	2	L	S067A202xxxxx	2	10	4.2					

Electrical Connection Type 1 = DIN Connector

2 = Flying Leads, 18" long

# **Catalog Number and Options**



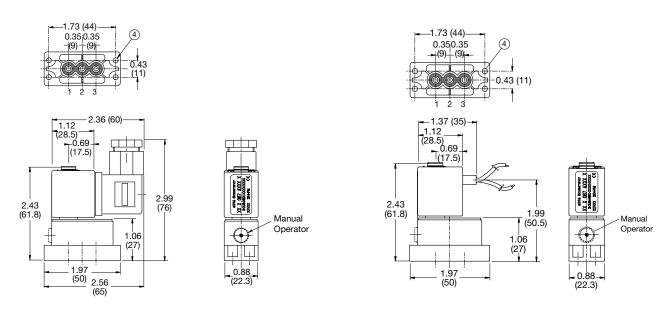
#### Examples

SCS067A206 12DC = 2-Way normally closed, .079" orifice, FFKM Seals, 12VDC LS067A202E24DC = 3-Way universal operation, .157" orifice, EPDM Seals, 24VDC



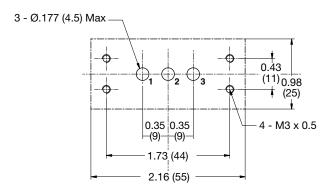
# **Dimensions: Inches (mm)**

Const. Ref. 1 Const. Ref. 2



Note: 4-M3 x .8mm stainless steel mounting series included

#### **Sub-Base Mounting Pattern**



# **Rocker Isolation Valves**

In-Line or Barb Porting



ASCO's patented 458 Series rocker isolation valves feature a unique rocker diaphragm mechanism that shields the internal components of the solenoid from the fluid. The design forms an easy to flush, low volume internal cavity.

- Suitable for corrosive media that can attack valves designed for general service duty.
- Prevents contamination of fluid sample, due to excellent flushing characteristics.
- Rocker design significantly reduces erratic flow caused by pumping action in poppet style valves.
- Standard built-in manual operator for testing or troubleshooting.



#### Construction

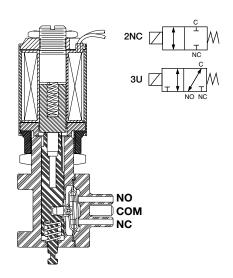
Valve Wetted Parts				
Flange PSU, PEEK				
Diaphragm	EPDM			

#### **Electrical**

Standard Voltages	12 VDC, 24 VDC
Power Consumption	2.5 Watts
Duty Cycle Rating	Continuous
Coil Insulation	266°F (130°C)
<b>Electrical Connection</b>	26 AWG Hard Wire

#### **Valve**

Response Time	~20 ms
Internal Volume -2-Way -3-Way	51 μL 62 7μL
Options	Surface or panel mount     Barbed bib ports for 0.062" ID to 0.082" soft tubing     Threaded-flat bottom ports available with #1/4-28 UNF, #10-32 UNF



#### **Temperature Range:**

Ambient & Media: 32°F to 114°F (0°C to 45°C)

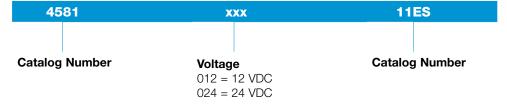
#### **Approvals:**



	Orifice Size	Cv Flow	Flores			rating ıre (psi)		Power	Weight
Port Type	(in)	Factor <sup>(1)</sup>	Flange Material	_		Max.	Catalog Number	(Watts)	Weight (oz)
2/2NC - Normally C	losed								
Hose Barb	0.062	0.04	PSU	Surface	0	35	4581xxx11ES	2.5	2
Hose Barb	0.062	0.04	PSU	Panel	0	35	4581xxx11EP	2.5	2
#10-32 UNF	0.062	0.04	PEEK	Surface	0	35	4581xxx22ES	2.5	2
#10-32 UNF	0.062	0.04	PEEK	Panel	0	35	4581xxx22EP	2.5	2
1/4-28 UNF	0.062	0.04	PEEK	Surface	0	35	4581xxx32ES	2.5	2
1/4-28 UNF	0.062	0.04	PEEK	Panel	0	35	4581xxx32EP	2.5	2
3/2U - Universal Op	eration								
Hose Barb	0.062	0.04	PSU	Surface	0	35	4583xxx11ES	2.5	2
Hose Barb	0.062	0.04	PSU	Panel	0	35	4583xxx11EP	2.5	2
#10-32 UNF	0.062	0.04	PEEK	Surface	0	35	4583xxx22ES	2.5	2
#10-32 UNF	0.062	0.04	PEEK	Panel	0	35	4583xxx22EP	2.5	2
1/4-28 UNF	0.062	0.04	PEEK	Surface	0	35	4583xxx32ES	2.5	2
1/4-28 UNF	0.062	0.04	PEEK	Panel	0	35	4583xxx32EP	2.5	2

<sup>(1)</sup> CV Flow Factors are nominal

# **Catalog Number Description and Options**



#### To Construct Catalog Number

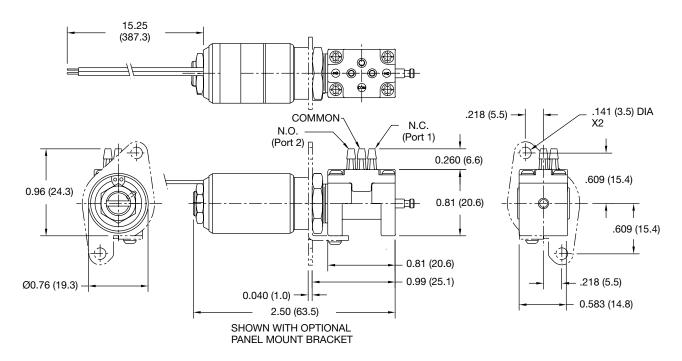
- Select catalog number from table
- Insert voltage into the 5th, 6th, and 7th digits denoted by "xxx"

#### Examples

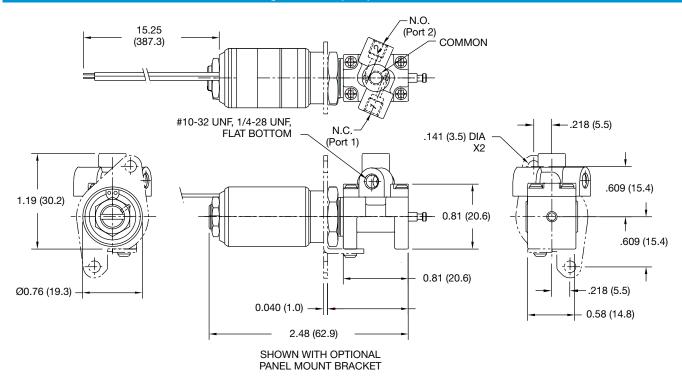
458102411ES = 2-Way normally closed valve with bib ports, PSU flange, surface mounting, 24 VDC coil



#### Dimensions 458 Series with Hose Barb Flange: Inches (mm)



#### Dimensions 458 Series with In-Line Flange: Inches (mm)



#### Notes

- 3-Way versions shown, 2-Way versions are the same except they do not include the common port.
- Bracket for optional panel mount shown in dashed lines

# 2-Way PTFE Isolation Valves

1/4 - 28 UNF Porting, In-line Mount



The 190 & 330 Series are 2-Way, normally closed isolation valves constructed with PTFE materials, which makes them virtually impervious to chemical attack. The 190 Series is a single valve while the 330 Series offers the same valve in a 2, 3, or 4 position manifold configuration for use in chromatography, solvent selection, and process sampling.

- PTFE diaphragm shields the internal components of the solenoid from the media to handle the most aggressive fluids.
- Compact size saves valuable space in equipment.

#### Construction

Valve Wetted Parts				
Body	PTFE			
Seat	PCTFE			
Diaphragm	PTFE			

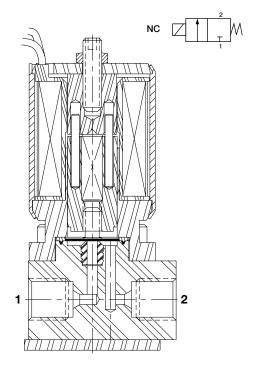
#### **Electrical**

Standard Voltages	12 VDC, 24 VDC
Power Consumption	2.9 - 3.8 Watts
Duty Cycle Rating	Continuous
Coil Insulation	356°F (180°C)
<b>Electrical Connection</b>	26 AWG Hard Wire

#### **Valve**

Response Time	~5 ms at rated voltage (2 watt coil)		
Internal Volume	20 μL from port 1 to seat (not including port) 52 μL from port 2 to seat (not including port)		
Vacuum Rating	29" Hg		





#### **Temperature Range:**

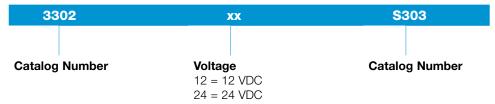
Ambient & Media: 32°F to 77°F (0°C to 25°C)

## **Approvals:**



	Orifice Size	Cv Flow	Operating Pressure (psi)			No. of		Weight
Port Type	(in)	Factor	Vac. (in Hg)	Max.	Catalog Number	Solenoids	Power (Watts)	(oz)
2/2NC - Normally Closed								
1/4-28 UNF Flat Bottom	0.062	0.03	29	30	1902xxS30	1	2.9 (12VDC), 3.8 (24VDC)	2.0
1/4-28 UNF Flat Bottom	0.062	0.03	29	30	3302xxS302	2	2.9 (12VDC), 3.8 (24VDC)	4.1
1/4-28 UNF Flat Bottom	0.062	0.03	29	30	3302xxS303	3	2.9 (12VDC), 3.8 (24VDC)	6.5
1/4-28 UNF Flat Bottom	0.062	0.03	29	30	3302xxS304	4	2.9 (12VDC), 3.8 (24VDC)	9.7

# **Catalog Number Description and Options**



#### To Construct Catalog Number

- Select catalog number from table
- Insert voltage into the 5th and 6th digits denoted by "xx"

#### Examples

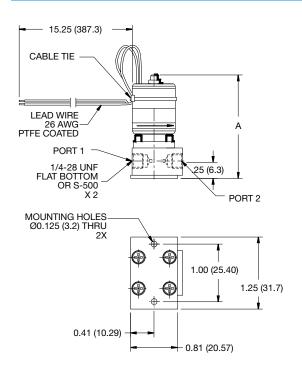
190212S30 = 2-Way normally closed valve with 1/4 - 28 UNF, flat bottom ports and 12 VDC coil rated at 2.9 Watts

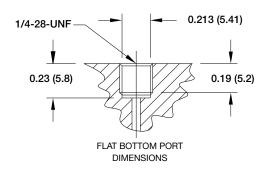
330224S303 = 3, 2-Way normally closed valves mounted on a manifold with 1/4 - 28 UNF,

flat bottom ports and 24 vdc coil rated at 3.8 Watts

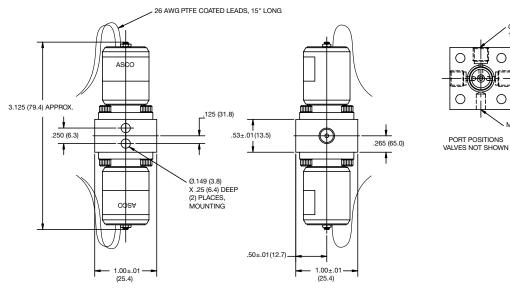


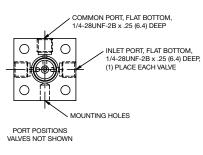
#### **Dimensions 190 Series: Inches (mm)**





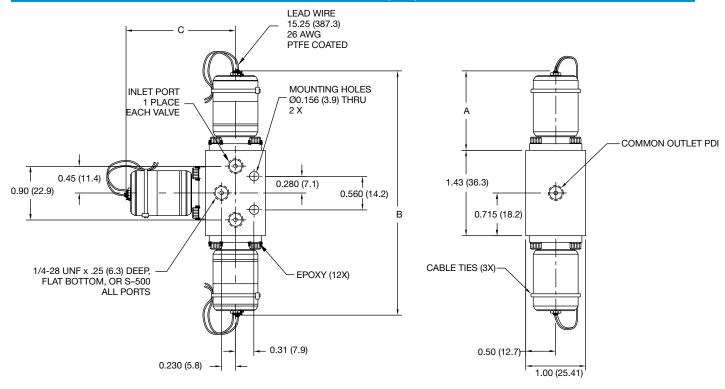
#### **Dimensions 330 Series 2 Position Valve Manifold: Inches (mm)**



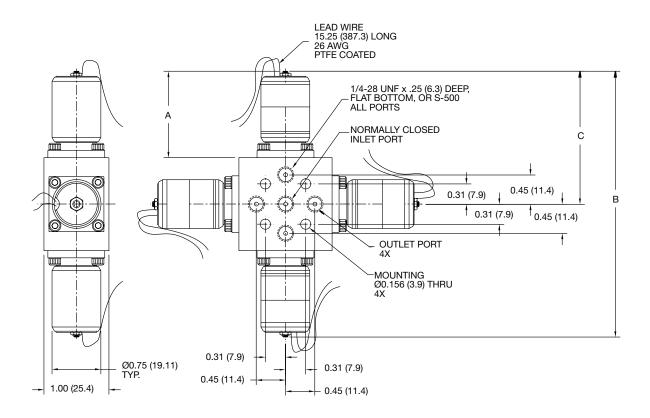




#### **Dimensions 330 Series 3 Position Valve Manifold: Inches (mm)**



#### **Dimensions 330 Series 2 Position Valve Manifold: Inches (mm)**







1/4 - 28 UNF, Porting, In-line Mount

The 368 Series are 2-Way and 3-Way isolation valves constructed with PTFE and ETFE materials, which makes them virtually impervious to chemical attack. The Series 368 is a compact construction with a 0.062" orifice to handle standard flow requirements.

- PTFE diaphragm shields the internal components of the solenoid from the media to handle the most aggressive fluids.
- Compact size saves valuable space in equipment.



Valve Wetted Parts				
Body	ETFE			
Poppet	PTFE			
Diaphragm	PTFE			

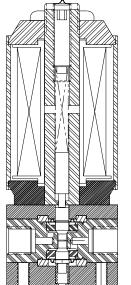
#### **Electrical**

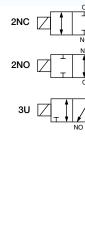
Standard Voltages	12 VDC, 24 VDC 115 VAC (with rectifier in lead wires)
Power Consumption	4.5 - 6.8 Watts
Duty Cycle Rating	Continuous
Coil Insulation	356°F (180°C)
Electrical Connection	22 AWG Hardwire

#### **Valve**

Response Time	~20 ms
Internal Volume	30 μL from seat to port 10 μL between poppets
Vacuum Rating	29" Hg







## **Temperature Range:**

Ambient & Media: 32°F to 77°F (0°C to 25°C)

#### **Approvals:**

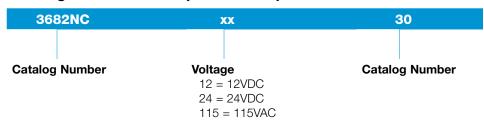


	Orifice Size	Cv Flow	Operating I (psi					
Port Type	(in)	Factor	Vac. (in Hg) Max.		Catalog Number	Power (Watts)	Weight (oz)	
2/2NC - Normally Closed								
1/4-28 UNF Flat Bottom	0.062	0.02	29	30*	3682NCxx30	4.5 (12VDC), 5.3 (24VDC), 6.8 (115 VAC)	4	
2/2NO - Normally Open								
1/4-28 UNF Flat Bottom	0.062	0.02	29	30*	3682NOxx30	4.5 (12VDC), 5.3 (24VDC), 6.8 (115 VAC)	4	
3/2U - Universal Operation								
1/4-28 UNF Flat Bottom	0.062	0.02	29	30*	36823xx30	4.5 (12VDC), 5.3 (24VDC), 6.8 (115 VAC)	4	

#### Notes

- \*Common port: Vacuum to 30 psi
- NC and NO Ports: Vacuum to 10 psi

# **Catalog Number Description and Options**



#### To Construct Catalog Number

- Select catalog number
- Insert voltage into the 7th and 8th digits denoted by "xx"; use 3 digits for 115 AC voltage

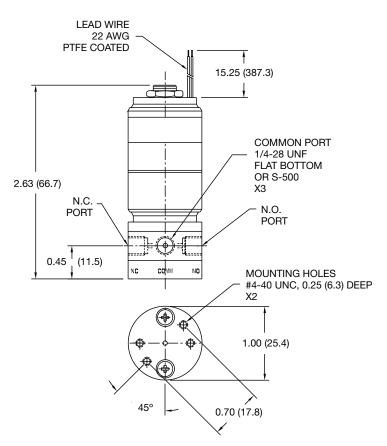
#### Examples

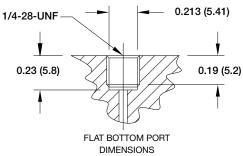
3682NC1230 = 2-Way normally closed valve with a 0.062" orifice, 1/4 - 28 UNF, flat bottom ports and 12 VDC coil rated at 4.5 Watts

3682311530 = 3-Way valve with a 0.062" orifice, 1/4 - 28 UNF, Flat bottom ports and 115/50-60 VAC coil rectifier



#### **Dimensions 368 Series: Inches (mm)**





# 2-Way High Flow Bellow Isolation Valve

1/4" G and NPT Porting



The 8296 Series is a 2-Way, high flow isolation valve designed to control the flow of aggressive liquids and gases in analytical, semiconductor, and environmental equipment. The 8296 Series offers the following benefits:

- Reliable operation with a wide variety of media due to inert wetted materials such as PEEK, PTFE, stainless steel, and FFKM.
- High flow rates of corrosive or high purity fluids.
- Higher pressure ratings than typical isolation valves.

#### Construction

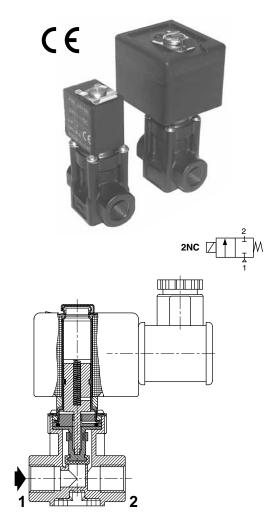
Valve Wetted Parts				
Body PEEK, 300 Series Stainless Steel				
Seals	FFKM			
Bellows	PTFE			

#### **Electrical**

Standard Voltages	24 VDC		
Power Consumption	6.9, 11.2 Watts		
Duty Cycle Rating	Continuous		
Coil Insulation	311°F (155°C)		
<b>Electrical Connection</b>	DIN Spade Terminal		
DIN Connectors - 6.9 Watt Coil - 11.2 Watt Coil	Size 11mm, DIN 43650 Form B Size 18mm, ISO 4400/EN 175301-803 Fom A		

#### **Valve**

Maximum Viscosity of Fluid	40 cSt (mm <sup>2</sup> /s)
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#### **Temperature Range:**

Ambient:

14°F to 140°F (-10°C to 60°C)

Media:

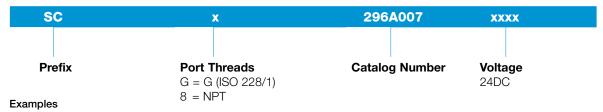
14°F to 194°F (-10°C to 90°C)

#### **Approvals:**



Port	Orifice Size	Cv Flow	Operating Pro	essure (psi)					Weight
Туре	(in)	Factor	Min.	Max.	Prefix	Catalog Number	Const. Ref.	Power (Watts)	(oz)
PEEK Bo	dy								
1/4	0.079	0.13	0	44	SC	x296A007xxxx	1	6.9	5.1
1/4	0.079	0.13	0	87	SC	x296A008xxxx	2	11.2	14.8
1/4	0.157	0.37	0	73	SC	x296A009xxxx	2	11.2	14.8
Stainless Steel Body									
1/4	0.079	0.13	0	44	SC	x296A021xxxx	3	6.9	10.9
1/4	0.079	0.13	0	87	SC	x296A022xxxx	4	11.2	22.9
1/4	0.157	0.37	0	73	SC	x296A023xxxx	4	11.2	22.9

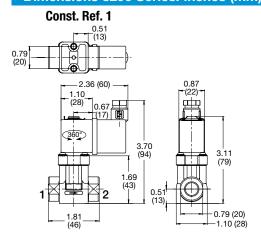
# **Catalog Number Description and Options**

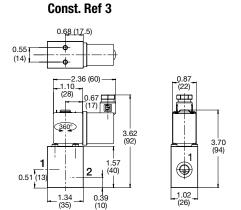


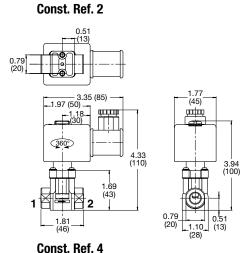
SCG296A00724DC = PEEK body with G 1/4 ports, .079" orifice, 24 VDC

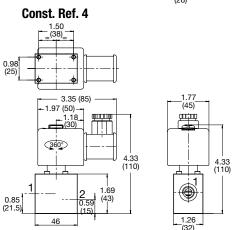
SC8296A02324DC = Stainless steel body with 1/4 NPT ports, .157" orifice, 24 VDC











# 3-Way High Flow Bellow Isolation Valve

1/4" G and NPT Porting



The 8396 Series is a 3-Way, high flow isolation valve designed to control the flow of aggressive liquids and gases in analytical, semiconductor, and environmental equipment. The 8396 Series offers the following benefits:

- Reliable operation with a wide variety of media due to inert wetted materials such as PEEK, PTFE, stainless steel, and FFKM.
- High flow rates of corrosive or high purity fluids.
- Higher pressure ratings than typical isolation valves.

#### Construction

Valve Wetted Parts				
Body PEEK, 300 Series Stainless Steel				
Seals	FFKM			
Bellows	PTFE			

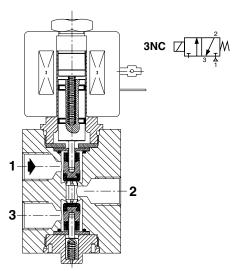
#### **Electrical**

Standard Voltages	24 VDC		
Power Consumption	11.2 Watts		
Duty Cycle Rating	Continuous		
Coil Insulation	311°F (155°C)		
Electrical Connection	DIN Spade Terminals		
DIN Connectors	Size 18mm, ISO 4400/EN 175301-803 Form A		

#### **Valve**

Maximum Viscosity of Fluid 40 cSt (mm2/s)
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## **Temperature Range:**

Ambient:

14°F to 167°F (-10°C to 75°C)

Media:

14°F to 194°F (-10°C to 90°C)

#### **Approvals:**



Port	Orifice	Cv Flow	Operating Pressure (psi)				Const.	Power		
Туре	Size (in)	Factor	Min.	Min. Max.		Catalog Number	Ref.	(Watts)	Weight (oz)	
PEEK Body										
1/4	0.157	0.30	0	44	SC	x396A006xxxx	1	11.2	17.3	
Stainless St	Stainless Steel Body									
1/4	0.157	0.30	0	44	SC	x396A003xxxx	1	11.2	31.8	

# **Catalog Number Description and Options**



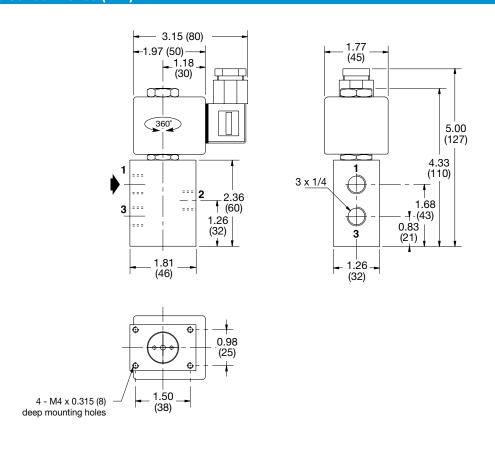
#### Examples

SCG396A00624DC = PEEK body with G 1/4 ports, .157" orifice, 24 VDC

SC8396A00324DC = Stainless steel body with 1/4 NPT ports, .157" orifice, 24 VDC

#### **Dimensions 8396 Series: Inches (mm)**

#### Const. Ref. 1



# 2-Way High Flow Diaphragm Isolation Valves

M5 and G1/8 Ports



The 282 Series are 2-Way, normally closed, high flow isolation valves designed to control the flow of aggressive liquids and gases in analytical instruments, clinical diagnostic analyzers, and bioinstrumentation. The 282 Series offers the following benefits:

- High flow rates for corrosive media service.
- Capable of handling a variety of media with several body and diaphragm material options.
- Removable/rotatable coil for easy service and installation.

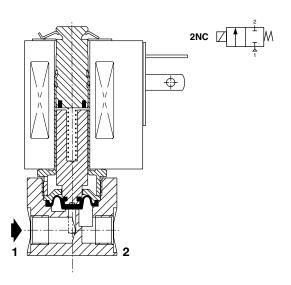


#### Construction

Valve Wetted Parts				
Body 300 Series Stainless Steel, PVDF				
Seals	VQM, EPDM, FKM			

#### **Electrical**

Standard Voltages	12 VDC, 24 VDC				
Power Consumption	2.5, 9 Watts				
Duty Cycle Rating	Continuous				
Coil Insulation	311°F (155°C)				
<b>Electrical Connection</b>	DIN Spade Terminals				
DIN Connectors - 2.5 Watt Coil - 9 Watt Coil	Size 9.4 mm, DIN 43650 Form C Size 18mm, ISO 4400/EN 175301-803 Form A				



#### **Valve**

Internal Volume	<70 μL
Response Time	
SCE282B001xxxxx	~10 ms
SCG282B002xxxxx	~20 ms
Maximum Viscosity of Fluid	37 cSt (mm²/s)

#### **Temperature Range:**

Ambient:

14°F to 140°F (-10°C to 60°C)

Media

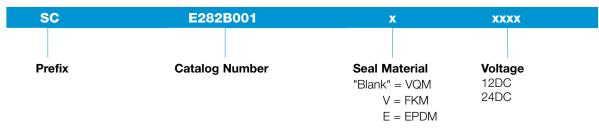
14°F to 212°F (-10°C to 100°C)

#### **Approvals:**



Port	Orifice	Cv Flow	Operating P (psi)				Constr.		Weight
Туре	Size (in)	Factor	Min	Max	Prefix	Catalog Number	Ref.	Power (Watts)	(oz)
Stainless St	eel Body								
M5	0.063	0.046	0	29	SC	E282B001xxxxx	1	2.5	2.9
PVDF Body									
G 1/8	0.157	0.37	0	36	SC	G282B003xxxxx	2	9	7.8

# **Catalog Number Description and Options**



#### Examples

SCE282B001 12DC = Stainless steel body with M5 ports, 0.063" orifice, VQM seals, 12VDC SCG282B003E24DC = PVDF body with G 1/8 ports, 0.157" orifice, EPDM seals, 24VDC

#### **Dimensions 282 Series: Inches (mm)** Const. Ref 1 Const. Ref 2 1.18 (30) 3.01 (76.5) 1.63 1.06 (27) (41.5) - 0.67 (17) -1.95 (49.5) ЩіЩ 0.92 (23.5) (15) $\bigoplus$ 2.48 1.51 3.31 (84) 2.56 (65) (38.3) 1.69 2.91 (43)(74)0.67 M5 - 4 mm 0.47 (12) 0.87 (22)2 Ø M3 - 4.5 mm 1.18 (30) -G 1/8 2 Ø M3 - 6 mm

# 2-Way High Flow Diaphragm Isolation Valves

G1/4 Ports



The 282 Series are 2-Way, normally closed, high flow isolation valves designed to control the flow of aggressive liquids and gases in analytical instruments, clinical diagnostic analyzers, and bioinstrumentation. The 282 Series offers the following benefits:

- High flow rates for corrosive media service.
- · Capable of handling a variety of media with several body and diaphragm material options.
- Removable/rotatable coil for easy service and installation.
- 10% to 100% flow)

# • Adjustable flow restrictor incorporated into valve body (range

#### Construction

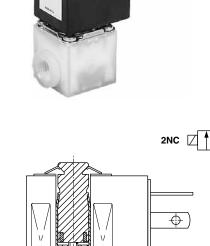
Valve Wetted Parts				
Body PP (Glass Fiber Reinforced)				
Seals	FKM			

#### **Electrical**

Standard Voltages	12 VDC, 24 VDC		
Power Consumption	9 Watts		
Duty Cycle Rating	Continuous		
Coil Insulation	311°F (155°C)		
<b>Electrical Connectors</b>	DIN Spade Terminal		
DIN Connectors	Size 18mm, ISO 4400/EN 175301-803 Form A		



Response Time	~20 ms
Maximum Viscosity of Fluid	37 cSt (mm <sup>2</sup> /s)



## **Temperature Range:**

Ambient:

14°F to 140°F (-10°C to 60°C)

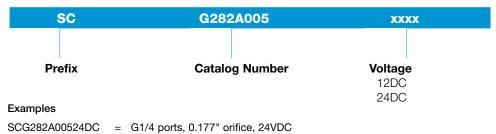
14°F to 176°F (-10°C to 80°C)

#### **Approvals:**

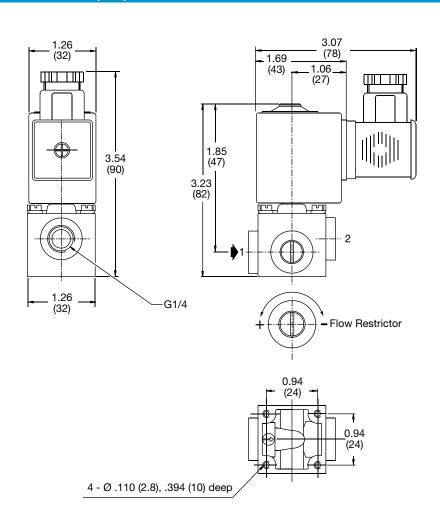


	Orifice	Cv Flow	Differential Pressure (psi)					
Ports	Size (in)	Factor	Min.	Max.	Prefix	Catalog Number	Power (Watts)	Weight (oz)
G 1/4	0.177	0.52	0	14.5	SC	G282A005xxxx	9.0	11.3

# **Catalog Number Description and Options**



# Dimensions 282 Series: Inches (mm)



# $\Delta Z C \Delta$

### **Pinch Valves**



Pinch valves provide the ability to control the flow of fluid through an uninterrupted flow path. The fluid stays in its original supply tube and is controlled by the opening and closing "pinch" of the valve. Because the fluid never leaves the supply tube there is zero dead volume and no cross-contamination due to the valve.

#### Applications examples:

- Drug Dispensing
- Food & Beverage Dispensing
- Urinary Collection Systems

### **Dialysis Equipment**

ASCO pinch valves are found in dialysis equipment and control the supply of dialysate fluid from the reservoir to the patient.





#### **Intravenous (IV) Systems**

Pinch valves are used to control the flow of fluids to a patient administered intravenously.

## **Compact 2-Way Pinch Valves**

For use with 3/32" OD to 3/8" OD Soft Tubing



ASCO 388, 390, and 401 Series are 2-Way, normally closed and normally open, solenoid operated pinch valves designed to control the flow of corrosive or high purity fluids in medical equipment and analytical instruments. Pinch valves isolate the fluid from the valve components by locating soft tubing in the mechanism that "pinches" the tubing to block flow and releases to allow flow.

- Saves space in equipment with compact design.
- Large range of tubing sizes available for various flow and pressure requirements.
- Zero dead volume prevents cross-contamination

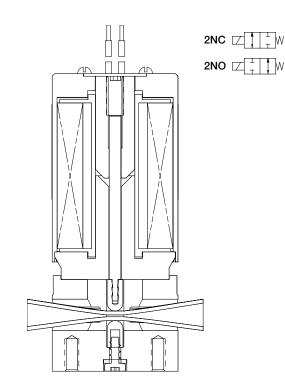


#### Construction

Valve Wetted Parts							
Recommended Tubing	VQM Max Hardness: 55 Shore A (12" tube supplied with each valve. Additional lengths available, see Pinch Valve Tubing Section)						

#### **Electrical**

Standard Voltages	12 VDC, 24 VDC, 115 VAC (50/60 Hz)						
Power Consumption -DC -AC	2.5 to 10.0 Watts 4.0 to 12.0 Watts						
Duty Cycle Rating	Continuous						
Electrical Connection -390 -388, 401	26 AWG Hardwire, 15" long 22 AWG Hardwire, 15" long						



### **Temperature Range:**

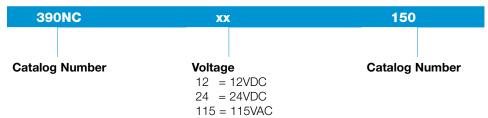
Ambient: 32°F to 77°F (0°C to 25°C)

#### **Approvals:**



Tubing ID	Tubing OD	Tubing Wall	Operating F	Pressure (psi)	Catalog	Const.		Weight
(in)	(in)	(in)	Min.	Max.	Number	Ref.	Power (Watts)	(oz)
2/2NC - Nor	mally Closed							
1/32"	3/32"	1/32"	0	50	390NCxx150	1	2.5 (DC), 4.0 (AC)	2.5
1/16"	1/8"	1/32"	0	30	390NCxx330	1	2.5 (DC), 4.0 (AC)	2.5
1/16"	3/16"	1/16"	0	30	401NCxx430	2	4.5 (12DC), 5.3 (24DC), 6.8 (AC)	4.0
3/32"	5/32"	1/32"	0	15	401NCxx515	2	4.5 (12DC), 5.3 (24DC), 6.8 (AC)	4.0
1/8"	1/4"	1/16"	0	30	401NCxx830	2	4.5 (12DC), 5.3 (24DC), 6.8 (AC)	4.0
3/16"	1/4"	1/32"	0	10	401NCxx1010	2	4.5 (12DC), 5.3 (24DC), 6.8 (AC)	4.0
1/4"	5/16"	1/32"	0	10	388NCxx1110	3	10.0 (DC), 12.0 (AC)	16.0
1/4	3/8"	1/16"	0	15	388NCxx1215 3 10.0 (DC		10.0 (DC), 12.0 (AC)	16.0
2/2NO - Nor	mally Open							
1/32"	3/32"	1/32"	0	50	390NOxx150	1	2.5 (DC), 4.0 (AC)	2.5
1/16"	1/8"	1/32"	0	30	390NOxx330	1	2.5 (DC), 4.0 (AC)	2.5
1/16"	3/16"	1/16"	0	30	401NOxx430	2	4.5 (12DC), 5.3 (24DC), 6.8 (AC)	4.0
3/32"	5/32"	1/32"	0	15	401NOxx515	2	4.5 (12DC), 5.3 (24DC), 6.8 (AC)	4.0
1/8"	1/4"	1/16"	0	30	401NOxx830	2	4.5 (12DC), 5.3 (24DC), 6.8 (AC)	4.0
3/16"	1/4"	1/32"	0	10	401NOxx1010	2	4.5 (12DC), 5.3 (24DC), 6.8 (AC)	4.0
1/4"	5/16"	1/32"	0	10	388NOxx1110	3	10.0 (DC), 12.0 (AC)	16.0
1/4	3/8"	1/16"	0	15	388NOxx1215	3	10.0 (DC), 12.0 (AC)	16.0

### **Catalog Number Description and Options**



#### To Construct Catalog Number

- Select catalog number from specification table above.
- Insert desired voltage in place of "xx"; use 3 digits for 115 AC voltage.

#### Examples

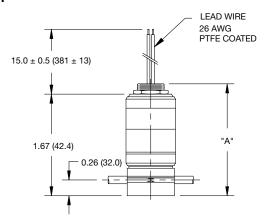
390NO12330 = 1/16" x 1/8" tubing, normally open, 12DC, 30 psi 401NC24830 = 1/8" x 1/4" tubing, normally closed, 24DC, 30 psi

388NC1151215 = 1/4" x 3/8" tubing, normally closed, 115AC, 50/60 Hz, 15 psi

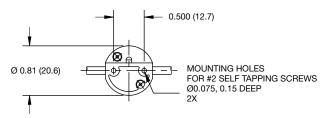


#### **Dimensions: Inches (mm)**

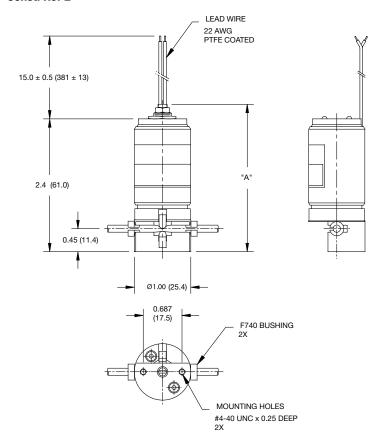
#### Const. Ref 1



MODE	L 390
TYPE	DIM "A"
2 WAY NO	7.75 (44.5) MAX
2 WAY NC	1.90 (48.3) MAX



#### Const. Ref 2



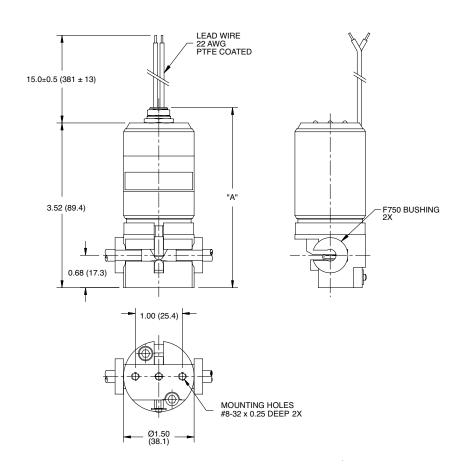
MODEL 401						
TYPE	DIM "A"					
2 WAY NO	2.45 (62.2) MAX					
2 WAY NC	2.50 (63.5) MAX					



### **Dimensions: Inches (mm)**

#### Const. Ref 3

MODEL 388					
TYPE	DIM "A"				
2 WAY NO	3.6 (91.4) MAX				
2 WAY NC	4.00 (101.6) MAX				



## 2-Way Pinch Valves

For use with 1/16" OD to 3/8" OD Soft Tubing



The 284 Series are 2-Way, normally closed and normally open, solenoid operated pinch valves designed to control the flow of corrosive or high purity fluids in medical equipment, analytical instruments, and industrial applications. Pinch valves control fluid flow by locating soft tubing in a mechanism that "pinches" the tubing to block flow and releases to allow flow.

- Large open gap for high flow and handling of particulate media.
- Zero dead volume prevents cross-contamination.
- Electrical connections can be kept separate from fluid area via built-in panel mount bracket.
- Built-in manual operator for easy tubing change out and testing.
- Removable/Rotatable coil for easy service and installation.





### Construction

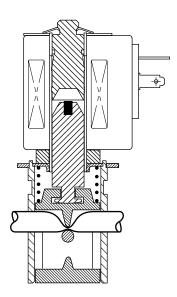
Valve Wetted Parts							
Recommended Tubing	VQM, Max. Hardness 50 Shore A Tubing sold separately. See Pinch Valve Tube Section						

#### **Electrical**

Standard Voltages	12VDC, 24 VDC
Coil Insulation	311°F (155°C)
Power Consumption	4, 9, 13 Watts
Duty Cycle Rating	Continuous
Electrical Connection	DIN SPADE TERMINALS
Din Connectors (Not included with	valve, see DIN ELECTRICAL CONNECTORS)
-4 Watt Coil	Size 9.4 mm, DIN 43650 Form C
-9 Watt Coil	Size 18 mm, ISO 4400/EN 175301-803 Form A
-13 Watt Coil	Size 18 mm, ISO 4400/EN 175301-803 Form A

#### **Valve**

Response Time	~20 ms
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### **Temperature Range:**

Ambient: 14°F to 140°F (-10°C to 60°C)

#### **Approvals:**



Tubing ID	Tubing OD	Operating P	ressure (psi)			Const.	Power	
(in)	(in)	Min.	Max	Prefix	Catalog Number	Ref.	(Watts)	Weight (oz)
2/2NC - Nor	mally Closed							
0.030	0.065	0	12	SC	H284A001xxxx	1	4	2.1
0.040	0.085	0	12	SC	H284A002xxxx	1	4	2.1
0.062	0125	0	12	SC	H284A003xxxx	1	4	2.1
0.078	0.125	0	12	SC	H284A004xxxx	1	4	2.1
0.106	0.193	0	12	SC	H284A005xxxx	2	9	9.9
0.189	0.311	0	12	SC	H284B006xxxx	3	13	16.6
0.252	0.374	0	12	SC	H284B007xxxx	3	13	16.6
2/2NO - Nor	mally Open							
0.030	0.065	0	12	SC	H284A009xxxx	4	4	2.1
0.040	0.085	0	12	SC	H284A010xxxx	4	4	2.1
0.062	0125	0	12	SC	H284A011xxxx	4	4	2.1
0.078	0.125	0	12	SC	H284A012xxxx	4	4	2.1
0.106	0.193	0	12	SC	H284A013xxxx	5	9	10.2
0.189	0.311	0	12	SC	H284B014xxxx	6	13	15.9
0.252	0.374	0	12	SC	H284B015xxxx	6	13	15.9

## **Catalog Number Description and Options**



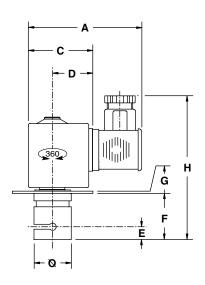
#### Examples

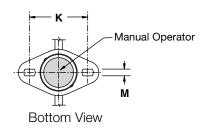
SCH284A00124DC = Normally closed, 0.030" ID tubing, 24VDC

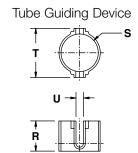


### **Dimensions: Inches (mm)**

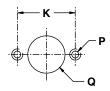




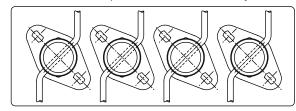




Arrangement for Wall-Fitting



Example of Banked Assembly



Const. Ref	Catalog Number	ø	Α	С	D	E	F	G	н	K	L	М	P	Q	R	s	Т	U
01	SCH248A001/002/003/004	0.63 (16)	1.95 (49.5)	0.92 (23.5)	0.59 (23.5)	0.43 (11)	0.79 (20)	0.04 (1)	2.60 (66)	0.94 (24)	0.87 (17)	0.13 (3.3)	МЗ	0.65 (16.5)	0.42 (10.7)	0.63 (16)	0.94 (24)	0.09 (2.2)
02	SCH248A005	0.98 (25)	3.07 (78)	1.68 (43)	1.06 (27)	0.69 (17.5)	1.26 (32)	0.06 (1.5)	3.90 (99)	1.53 (39)	1.26 (32)	0.18 (4.5)	M4	1.00 (25.5)	0.55 (14)	0.98 (25)	1.30 (33)	0.12 (3.2)
03	SCH248B006/B007	1.18 (30)	3.31 (94)	1.98 (49)	1.10 (28)	0.97 (24.5)	1.71 (43.5)	0.06 (1.5)	3.90 (99)	1.79 (46.5)	1.65 (42)	0.18 (4.5)	M4	1.20 (30.5)	0.94 (24)	1.18 (30)	1.53 (39)	0.24 (6)
04	SCH284A009/010/011/012	0.63 (16)	1.95 (49.5)	0.92 (23.5)	0.59 (15)	0.24 (6)	0.79 (20)	0.04 (1)	2.60 (66)	0.94 (24)	0.67 (17)	0.13 (3.3)	МЗ	0.65 (16.5)	0.42 (10.7)	0.63 (16)	0.94 (24)	0.09 (2.2)
05	SCH284A013	0.98 (25)	3.07 (78)	1.69 (43)	1.06 (27)	0.41 (10.5)	1.26 (32)	0.06 (1.5)	3.90 (99)	1.53 (39)	1.26 (32)	0.18 (4.5)	M4	1.00 (25.5)	0.55 (14)	0.98 (25)	1.30 (33)	0.12 (3.2)
06	SCH284B014/B015	1.18 (30)	3.31 (84)	1.93 (49)	1.10 (28)	0.51 (13)	1.71 (43.5)	0.06 (1.5)	3.90 (99)	1.79 (45.5)	1.65 (42)	0.18 (4.5)	M4	1.20 (30.5)	0.94 (24)	1.18 (30)	1.53 (39)	0.24 (6)



For use with 3/32" OD to 1/4" OD Soft Tubing

3/2 SERIES 373



ASCO 373 Series are patented 3-Way solenoid operated pinch valves designed to divert or select the flow of corrosive or high purity fluids in medical equipment and analytical instruments. The fluid is isolated from the valve components by means of silicone tubing and flow is controlled in either direction by the alternating pinching action of the solenoid.

- Saves space in equipment with compact design.
- Large range of tubing sizes available for various flow and pressure requirements.
- Zero dead volume prevents cross-contamination.
- Bi-directional flow

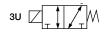


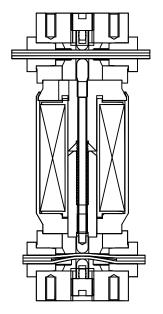
	Valve Wetted Parts
Recommended Tubing	VQM Max Hardness: 55 Shore A (Two 12" pieces of tubing supplied with each valve. Additional lengths available separately, see Pinch Valve Tubing Section)

#### **Electrical**

Standard Voltages	12 VDC, 24 VDC
Power Consumption	4.5 to 5.2 Watts
Duty Cycle Rating	Continuous
Electrical Connection	22 AWG Hardwire, 15" long







#### **Temperature Range:**

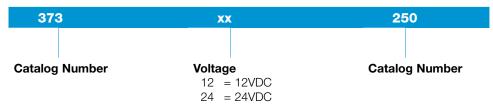
Ambient: 32°F to 77°F (0°C to 25°C)

#### **Approvals:**



Tubing ID	Tubing OD	Tubing Wall	Operating P	ressure (psi)	Catalog		
(in)	(in)	(in)	Min.	Max.	Number	Power (Watts)	Weight (oz)
3/2U -Univer	sal Operation						
1/32"	5/32"	1/16"	0	50	373xx250	4.5 (12DC), 5.2 (24DC)	5.0
1/16"	3/16"	1/16"	0	30	373xx430	4.5 (12DC), 5.2 (24DC)	5.0
3/32"	5/32"	1/32"	0	15	373xx515	4.5 (12DC), 5.2 (24DC)	5.0
3/32"	7/32"	1/16"	0	30	373xx630	4.5 (12DC), 5.2 (24DC)	5.0
1/8"	3/16"	1/32"	0	15	373xx715	4.5 (12DC), 5.2 (24DC)	5.0
1/8"	1/4"	1/16"	0	30	373xx830	4.5 (12DC), 5.2 (24DC)	5.0
1/8"	1/4"	1/32"	0	10	373xx1010	4.5 (12DC), 5.2 (24DC)	5.0

### **Catalog Number Description and Options**



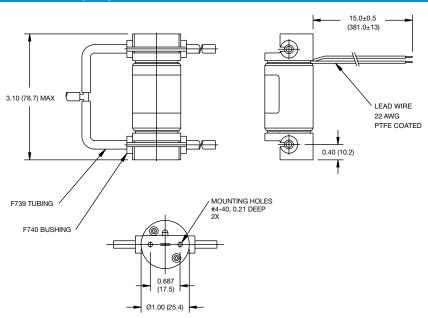
#### To Construct Catalog Number

- Select catalog number from specification table above.

#### Examples

37312430 = 1/16" x 3/16" tubing, 12VDC, 30psi max

#### **Dimensions: 373 Series Inches (mm)**







The 384 Series are 3-Way, universal, solenoid operated pinch valves designed to control the flow of corrosive or high purity fluids in medical equipment, analytical instruments, and industrial applications. Pinch valves control fluid flow by locating soft tubing in a mechanism that "pinches" the tubing to block flow and releases to allow flow.

- Large open gap for high flow and handling of particulate media.
- Zero dead volume prevents cross-contamination.
- Electrical connections can be kept separate from fluid area via built-in panel mount bracket.
- Built-in manual operator for easy tubing change out and testing.
- Removable/Rotatable coil for easy service and installation.



#### Construction

Valve Wetted Parts					
Recommended Tubing	VQM, max. hardness 50 Shore A (Tubing sold separately. See Pinch Valve Tube Section.)				

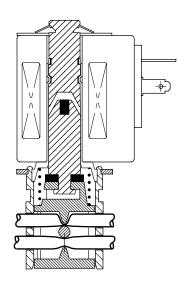
#### **Electrical**

Standard Voltages	12 VDC, 24 VDC				
Power Consumption	4, 9, 13 Watts				
Duty Cycle Rating	Continuous (except where noted otherwise)				
Coil Insulation	311°F (155°C)				
Electrical Connection	DIN SPADE TERMINALS				
DIN Connectors (not included with valve. see DIN ELECTRICAL CONNECTORS)					
-4 Watt Coil	Size 9.4 mm, DIN 43650 Form C				
-9 Watt Coil	Size 18 mm, ISO 4400/EN 175301-803 Form A				
-13 Watt Coil	Size 18 mm, ISO 4400/EN 175301-803 Form A				

#### **Valve**

Response Time	~20 ms
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### **Temperature Range:**

Ambient & Media: 14°F to 140°F (-10°C to 60°C)

### **Approvals:**



Tubing ID	Tubing OD	Operating (ps				Const.	Power			
(inches)	(inches)	Min. Max		Prefix	Catalog Number	Ref.	(Watts)	Weight (oz)		
3/2U - Universal Operation										
0.030	0.065	0	12	SC	H384A004xxxx	1	4	2.1		
0.040	0.085	0	12	SC	H384A001xxxx	1	4	2.1		
0.062	0125	0	12	SC	H384A002xxxx (1)	1	8	2.1		
0.078	0.125	0	12	SC	H384A003xxxx (1)	1	6	2.1		
0.132	0.183	0	12	SC	H384A005xxxx	2	9	10.6		
0.187	0.313	0	12	SC	H384B006xxxx	3	13	15.9		
0.250	0.375	0	12	SC	H384B007′xxxx	3	13	15.9		
(1) Intermittent	duty coil. See gr	aph of minimum	off time vs. or	time to determine a	oplicable duty cycle.			•		

### **Catalog Number Description and Options**

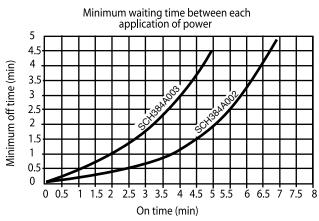


#### Examples

SCH384A00412DC = 0.030" x 0.065" tubing, 12VDC, constant duty

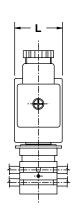
SCH384A00224DC = 0.062" x 0.125" tubing, 24VDC with 7 minute max on-time and 5 minute min off-time

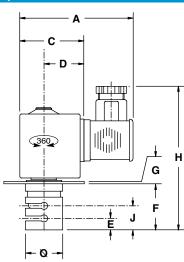
# Minimum Off Time vs. On Time (SCH384A002 & SCH384A003 ONLY)

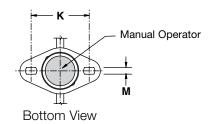


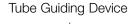


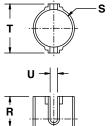
### **Dimensions: Inches (mm)**



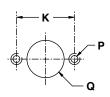




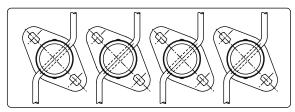




Arrangement for Wall-Fitting



Example of Banked Assembly



Const. Ref	Catalog Number	ø	Α	С	D	E	F	G	н	J	к	L	М	P	Q	R	s	Т	U
01	SCH384A001/002 /003/004	0.63 (16)	1.95 (49.5)	0.92 (23.5)	0.59 (15)	0.24 (6)	0.79 (20)	0.04 (1)	2.60 (66)	0.43 (11)	0.94 (24)	0.67 (17)	0.13 (3.3)	МЗ	0.65 (16.5)	0.42 (10.7)	0.63 (16)	0.94 (24)	0.09 (2.2)
02	SCH384A005	0.98 (25)	3.07 (78)	1.69 (43)	1.06 (27)	0.41 (10.5)	1.26 (32)	0.06 (1.5)	3.90 (99)	0.69 (17.5)	1.53 (39)	1.26 (32)	0.18 (4.5)	M4	1.00 (25.5)	0.55 (14)	0.98 (25)	1.30 (33)	0.12 (3.2)
03	SCH384B006/B007	1.18 (30)	3.31 (84)	1.93 (49)	1.10 (28)	0.51 (13)	1.71 (43.5)	0.06 (1.5)	3.90 (99)	0.96 (24.5)	1.79 (45.5)	1.65 (42)	0.18 (4.5)	M4	1.20 (30.5)	0.94 (24)	1.18 (30)	1.53 (39)	0.24 (6)



# **ASCO**®

# **Proportional Valves**

Proportional valves control the flow of neutral fluids. By varying the input current you can precisely adjust the valve's flow rate. This eliminates the need for a variable flow system to contain multiple valves with different flow rates.

#### Applications examples:

- Gas Chromatography
- Endoscopy Equipment
- Anesthesia Equipment
- Respirators

#### **Ventilators**

ASCO's proportional valves are utilized in equipment which provides mechanical assistance to patients for breathing. The valves provide the precise mixture of oxygen and air supply to the patient for each breathe.





# **Blood Pressure Monitoring** (Non-invasive)

Proportional valves provide the precise control needed for accurate measurement of a patient's blood pressure.

# **Posiflow Proportional Valves**

M5 Threaded Ports or Pad Mount Versions



The Series 202 Posiflow® valves are 2-Way, normally closed, solenoid valves designed to proportionally control the flow of air or inert gases by varying the electrical input to the coil. They are available as stand alone valves with M5 thread ports or pad mount versions for manifold mounting.

- Ideal to precisely control flow rates in medical equipment and analytical instrumentation.
- Compact construction saves valuable space in equipment.
- Valves do not require minimum operating pressure
- Low hysteresis, excellent repeatability, and high sensitivity for precise flow control.

#### Construction

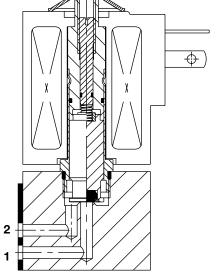
Valve Wetted Parts						
Body	Brass					
Core Tube	Brass					
Core and Plugnut	Stainless Steel					
Springs	Stainless Steel					
Disc and Seals	FKM					

#### **Electrical**

Standard Voltage	12 VDC, 24 VDC
Electrical Coil Input	0-24 VDC
Power Consumption	3 Watts
Opening Current 12 VDC 24 VDC	Max. 175 mA Max. 125 mA
Recommended PWM Frequency	1000 Hz
Hysteresis	<5%
Repeatablity	<3%
Sensitivity	<2%
Coil Insulation	311°F (155°C)
Electrical Connectors	DIN SPADE TERMINALS
DIN Connectors	Size 9.4 mm, DIN 43650 Form C







### **Temperature Range:**

Ambient & Media: 32F to 140°F (0°C to 60°C)

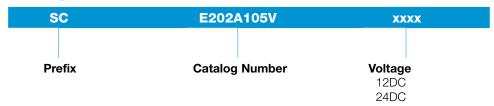
#### **Approvals:**



Port	Orifice Size	Cv Flow	Operating Pressure (psi)				Const.		
Туре	(in)	Factor	Vac (in Hg)	Max.	Prefix	Catalog Number	Ref.	Power (Watts)	Weight (oz) (1)
2/2 Normally	y Closed								
M5	0.031	0.023	29	174	SC	E202A105Vxxxx	1	3	44.0
M5	0.047	0.058	29	102	SC	E202A106Vxxxx	1	3	44.0
M5	0.063	0.093	29	58	SC	E202A107Vxxxx	1	3	44.0
M5	0.079	0.116	29	36	SC	E202A108Vxxxx	1	3	44.0
2/2 Normally	y Closed								
Pad Mount	0.031	0.023	29	174	SC	S202A101Vxxxx	2	3	33.5
Pad Mount	0.047	0.058	29	102	SC	S202A102Vxxxx	2	3	33.5
Pad Mount	0.063	0.093	29	58	SC	S202A103Vxxxx	2	3	33.5
Pad Mount	0.079	0.116	29	36	SC	S202A104Vxxxx	2	3	33.5

<sup>(1)</sup> Incl. coil(s) and connector(s).

### **Catalog Number Description and Options**



#### Examples

SCE202A105V12DC = M5 ported with 0.032" orifice, 12VDC SCS202A104V24DC = Pad mount with 0.079" orifice, 24VDC

### **Dimensions: Inches (mm)**

Const. Ref 1

2.68 (68)

2.05 (53)

1.01 (25.7)

5.58 (14.8)

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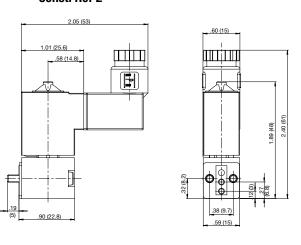
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#### Const. Ref 2



# **Posiflow Proportional Valves**

G1/8 Ports



The Series 202 Posiflow® valves are 2-Way, normally closed, solenoid valves designed to proportionally control the flow of air, inert gases, water, or oil by varying the electrical input to the coil. They are available as stand alone valves with G1/8" thread ports.

- Ideal to precisely control flow rates in medical equipment and analytical instrumentation.
- Compact construction saves valuable space in equipment.
- Valves do not require minimum operating pressure
- Low hysteresis, excellent repeatability, and high sensitivity for precise flow control.

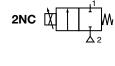
#### Construction

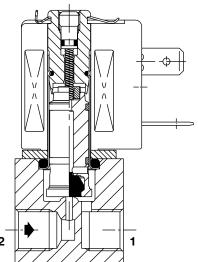
Valve Wetted Materials							
	Brass Body Stainless Steel B						
Body	Brass	Stainless Steel					
Core Tube	Stainless Steel	Stainless Steel					
Core and Plugnut	Stainless Steel	Stainless Steel					
Springs	Stainless Steel	Stainless Steel					
Ring	PTFE	PTFE					
Seals	FKM	FKM					
Breaker Piece	Stainless Steel	Stainless Steel					

#### **Electrical**

Standard Voltage	24 VDC
Electrical Coil Input	0 - 24 VDC
Operating Current	100-450 mA
Recommended PWM Frequency	400 Hz
Hysteresis	<5%
Repeatablity	<1%
Sensitivity	<1%
Coil Insulation	311°F (155°C)
Electrical Connectors	Spade plug (cable Ø 6-8 mm)
DIN Connectors	Size 11mm, DIN 43650 Form B







### **Temperature Range:**

Ambient:

0°F to 104°F (0°C to 40°C)

Media:

0°F to 140°F (0°C to 60°C)

#### **Approvals:**



			Operating Pressure (psi)						
Port Type	Orifice Size (in)	Cv Flow Factor	Vac (in Hg)	Max (Gas)	Max (Liquid)	Prefix	Catalog Number	Power (Watts)	Weight (oz) <sup>(1)</sup>
	0.047	0.058	29	116	73	SC	G202A201xxxxx	6.3	7.1
G1/8	0.063	0.081	29	87	58	SC	G202A202xxxxx	6.3	7.1
Brass Bodied	0.094	0.151	29	58	44	SC	G202A203xxxxx	6.3	7.1
	0.126	0.209	29	36	36	SC	G202A204 xxxxx	6.3	7.1
04/0	0.047	0.058	29	116	73	SC	G202A205xxxxx	6.3	7.1
G1/8 Stainless	0.063	0.081	29	87	58	SC	G202A206xxxxx	6.3	7.1
Steel Bodied	0.094	0.151	29	58	44	SC	G202A207xxxxx	6.3	7.1
Boalea	0.126	0.209	29	36	36	SC	G202A208 xxxxx	6.3	7.1

(1) Incl. coil(s) and connector(s).

### **Catalog Number Description and Options**

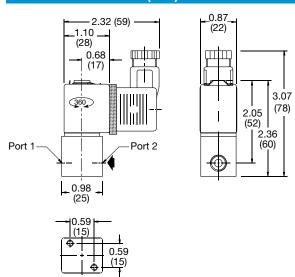


#### Examples

SCG202A201V12DC = G1/8 ported brass body with 0.047" orifice, FKM seals, 12VDC

SCG202A205T24DC = G1/8 ported stainless steel body with 0.047" orifice, PTFE seals, 24VDC

#### **Dimensions: Inches (mm)**



## **Preciflow Proportional Valves**

G1/8 and M5 Threaded Ports



The Series 202 Preciflow valves are 2-Way, normally closed, solenoid valves designed to proportionally control the flow of air or inert gases by varying the electrical input to the coil. They are available as stand alone valves with M5 threaded ports.

- Ideal to precisely control flow rates in medical equipment and analytical instrumentation.
- Compact construction saves valuable space in equipment.
- Valves do not require minimum operating pressure
- Low hysteresis, excellent repeatability, and high sensitivity for precise flow control.

#### Construction

Valve Wetted Materials				
Body Brass or PVDF				
Core and Plugnut	Stainless Steel			
Springs	Stainless Steel			
Seals	FKM			

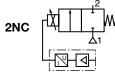
#### **Electrical**

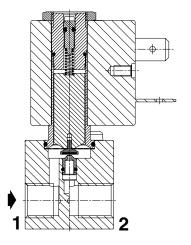
Standard Voltage	12 VDC, 24 VDC
Electrical Coil Input	0-12 VDC, 0-24 VDC
Power Consumption	1.0, 4.0, 5.0, 9.0 Watts
Opening Current 12 VDC 24 VDC	Max. 85 mA (1.0 Watt), 340 mA (4.0 Watt), 400mA (5.0 Watt), 760mA (9.0 Watt) Max. 40 mA (1.0 Watt), 170 mA (4.0 Watt), 230mA (5.0 Watt), 380mA (9.0 Watt)
Recommended PWM Frequency	1000Hz
Hysteresis	<3%
Repeatability	<1%
Sensitivity	<1%
Coil Insulation	311°F (155°C)
Electrical Connectors	DIN Spade Terminal
DIN Connectors	Size 9.4mm, DIN 43650 Form C

### **Alternate Construction Options**

Additional constructions and options are available including alternate body materials, power ratings, and proportional electronic controls. Minimum quantities apply







### **Temperature Range:**

Ambient & Media: 0°F to 122°F (0°C to 50°C)

#### **Approvals:**



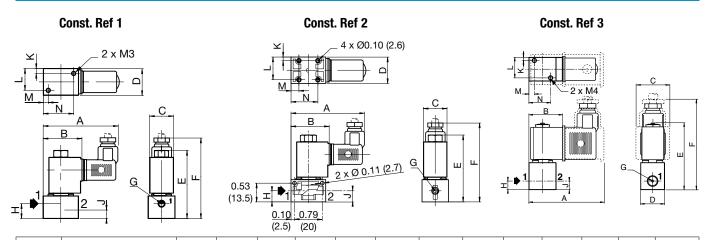
	Orifice Size	Cv Flow	Operating F	Pressure (psi)			Const.	Power	Weight
Port Type	(in)	Factor	Vac (in Hg)	Max	Prefix	Catalog Number	Ref	(Watts)	(oz)
Brass Body									
M5	0.004	0.0003	26	145	SC	G202A500xxxx	1	1.0	3.5
G1/8	0.031	0.021	26	145	SC	G202A510xxxx	3	5.0	7.1
G1/8	0.047	0.048	26	145	SC	G202A511xxxx	3	5.0	7.1
G1/8	0.063	0.082	26	116	SC	G202A512xxxx	3	5.0	7.1
G1/8	0.079	0.111	26	87	SC	G202A513xxxx	3	5.0	7.1
PVDF Body									
<b>M</b> 5	0.008	0.001	26	145	SC	G202A501xxxx	2	1.0	2.1
<b>M</b> 5	0.016	0.006	26	145	SC	G202A502xxxx	2	4.0	2.1
M5	0.024	0.011	26	145	SC	G202A503xxxx	2	4.0	2.1
M5	0.031	0.021	26	145	SC	G202A504xxxx	2	4.0	2.1

### **Catalog Number Description and Options**



SCG202A50012DC = Brass body with 0.004" orifice, 12VDC SCG202A50124DC = PVDF body with 0.008" orifice, 24VDC

#### **Dimensions: Inches (mm)**



Const. Ref	Catalog Number	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	J	K	L	М	N
1	SCG202A500	2.12 (53.9)	1.08 (27.5)	0.67 (17)	0.75 (19)	1.90 (48.2)	2.34 (59.5)	M5	0.41 (10.5)	0.24 (6.0)	0.14 (3.5)	0.61 (15.5)	0.14 (3.5)	0.85 (21.5)
2	SCG202A501/A502/ A503/A504	2.12 (53.9)	1.08 (27.5)	0.67 (17)	0.75 (19)	1.90 (48.2)	2.34 (59.5)	M5	0.31 (8)	0.31 (8)	0.10 (2.65)	0.64 (16.35)	0.22 (5.65)	0.76 (19.35)
3	SCG202A510/A511/ A512	2.49 (63.3)	1.22 (31.1)	0.19 (23)	0.87 (22)	2.38 (60.4)	2.97 (75.4)	G1/8	0.31 (8)	0.31 (8)	0.12 (3)	0.75 (19)	0.20 (5)	0.79 (20)
3	SCG202A513	2.49 (63.3)	1.22 (31.1)	0.18 (30)	0.87 (22)	2.38 (60.4)	2.97 (75.4)	G1/8	0.31 (8)	0.31 (8)	0.12 (3)	0.75 (19)	0.20 (5)	0.79 (20)

# **Preciflow IPC Proportional Valves**

1/8 Ports, Cartridge, or Pad Mount



The Series 202 Preciflow IPC (Inlet Pressure Compensated) valves are 2-Way, normally closed, solenoid valves designed to proportionally control the flow of air or inert gases by varying the electrical input to the coil. They are available as stand alone valves with cartridge or pad mount versions.

- Ideal to precisely control flow rates in medical equipment and analytical instrumentation.
- Compact construction saves valuable space in equipment.
- Valves do not require minimum operating pressure
- Low hysteresis, excellent repeatability, and high sensitivity for precise flow control.

#### Construction

Valve Wetted Materials				
Body Brass, Stainless Steel, or PVDF				
Core and Plugnut	Stainless Steel			
Springs	Stainless Steel			
Seals	FKM			

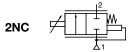
#### **Electrical**

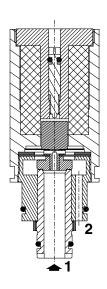
Standard Voltage	6 VDC, 12 VDC, 24 VDC
Electrical Coil Input	0-6 VDC, 0-12 VDC, 0-24 VDC
Power Consumption	2.5 Watts
Opening Current 6 VDC 12 VDC 24 VDC	Max. 420 mA Max. 210 mA Max. 110 mA
Recommended PWM Frequency	2000Hz
Hysteresis	<5%
Repeatability	<1%
Sensitivity	<1%
Coil Insulation	311°F (155°C)
<b>Electrical Connectors</b>	24 AWG Leads

#### Construction

Back Pressure Max.	10% of Inlet Pressure
Containment Pressure Max.	145 psi







#### **Temperature Range:**

Ambient & Media: 0°F to 122°F (0°C to 50°C)

### **Approvals:**



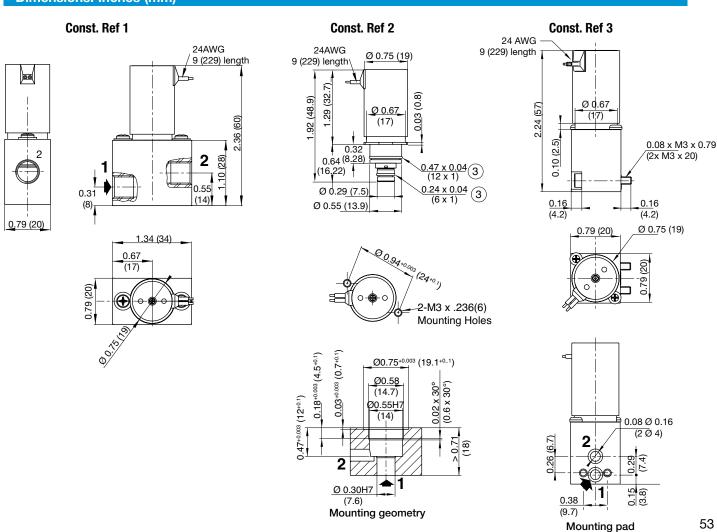
	Orifice Size	Cv Flow	Operating P	ressure (psi)			Const.	Power	Weight
Port Type	(in)	Factor	Min	Max	Prefix	Catalog Number	Ref	(Watts)	(oz)
G1/8 Brass	0.118	0.197	0	102	L	G202A514xxxx	1	2.5	6.5
Cartridge Stainless Steel	0.118	0.197	0	102	L	S202A515xxxx	2	2.5	2.2
Pad Mount PVDF	0.118	0.197	0	102	L	S202A516xxxx	3	2.5	2.6

### **Catalog Number Description and Options**



LG202A51406DC = G1/8 inline mount with 0.118 orifice, 6VDC

#### **Dimensions: Inches (mm)**



# $\Delta Z C \Delta$

# **AZCO**®

### **General Service Valves**

General Service valves control the flow of neutral gases. They are known for their long life and fast response times. The valves are available with multiple mounting configurations and sizes.

#### Applications examples:

- Blood Pressure Monitoring (non-invasive)
- Oxygen Concentrators
- Dental Equipment
- Air Monitoring Instruments



#### **Pharmaceutical**

Special high flow general service valves are utilized in automated pill dispensing equipment. The valves reliably control the pill sorting and counting process.

#### **Textile**

General service valves are utilized in carpet tufting equipment which run 24hrs per day 7 days a week. Under these manufacturing conditions reliability and repeatability are critical. Customer testimonials proclaim usages of ASCO valves exceeding 1 billion cycles.



# 3-Way 10mm Solenoid Valve

Pad Mount



The Series 188 is a 3-Way, 10mm wide solenoid valve designed to control the flow of air or inert gases. The Series 188 can be used to pilot other valves or cylinders.

- Compact design saves space and reduces assembly time.
- Low power consumption.
- LED and electrical protection comes standard.
- Manual override.

#### Construction

Valve Wetted Parts					
Body	PA				
Seals	NBR				
Internal Parts	Stainless Steel, Nickel Plated Steel, Aluminum				

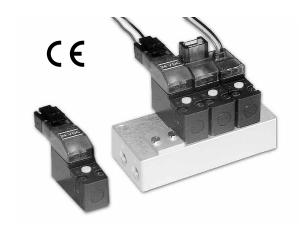
#### **Electrical**

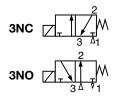
Standard Voltages	5 VDC, 12 VDC, 24 VDC
Power Consumption	1.3 Watt
<b>Duty Cycle Rating</b>	Continuous
Coil Insulation	311°F (155°C)
<b>Electrical Connection</b>	Connector with 24 AWG lead wires, LED and diode protection

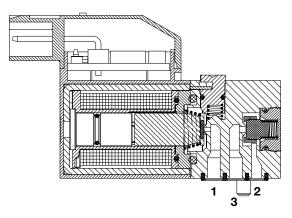
#### **Valve**

### **Alternate Construction/Options**

Additional constructions and options are available including alternate elastomers, latching coils and electrical connections. Minimum quantities apply.







#### **Temperature Range:**

Ambient and Media: 41°F to 122°F (5°C to 50°C)

#### **Approvals:**



	Orifice Size (in)	Cv Flow Factor	Operating Pressure (psi)					
Port Type			Min.	Max.	Catalog Number	Power (Watts)	Weight (oz)	
3/2NC - Norma	3/2NC - Normally Closed							
	0.020	0.007	0	115	18801003xxxx	1.3	0.34	
Pad Mount	0.031	0.009	0	58	18801081xxxx	1.3	0.34	
	0.039	0.011	0	36	18801086xxxx	1.3	0.34	
3/2NO - Norma	ally Open							
	0.020	0.007	0	87	18801063xxxx	1.3	0.34	
Pad Mount	0.031	0.009	0	44	18801091xxxx	1.3	0.34	
	0.039	0.011	0	22	18801096xxxx	1.3	0.34	

### **Catalog Number Description and Options**

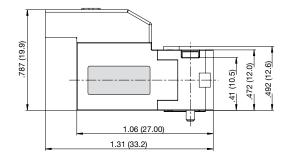


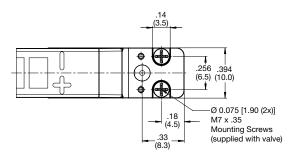
#### Examples

1880100305DC = 3-way normally closed with 0.020" orifice, 5VDC

#### **Dimensions: Inches (mm)**

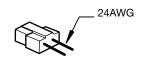
#### Const. Ref 1





The connectors to be ordered separately. Includes one connector with two wires

Length	Catalog Number
20" (0.5m)	88118801
59" (1.5m)	88118802
118" (3m)	88118803

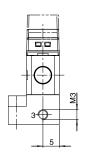


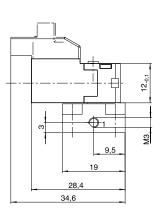


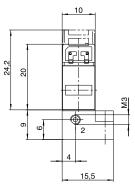
### **Dimensions (Continued): Inches (mm)**

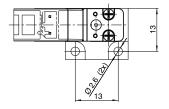
#### **Value Mounted on Single Sub-Base**

No. of Catalog Number		Weight (oz)
1	35300101	2.53

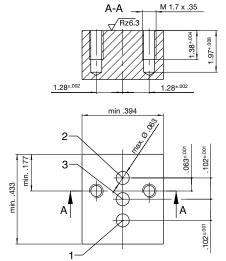








#### **Manifold Interface**





The 188 LF is a 3-way, 10mm wide "High Flow" solenoid designed to control the flow of air and inert gases. The "High Flow" is a major advantage over similar sized products in this market.

- Compact design saves space and reduces assembly time
- High Flow
- Low Power Consumption

#### Construction

Valve Wetted Parts			
<b>Body</b> PA			
Internal Parts	Stainless steel, nickel-plated steel, aluminum		
Seals	NBR		

#### **Electrical**

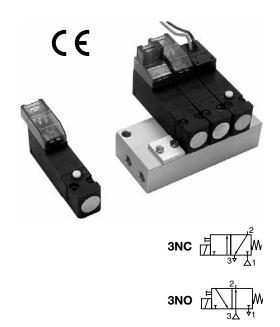
Standard Voltages	12 VDC, 24 VDC		
Power Consumption Inrush Holding	3.2 Watt (100 ms) 1.3 Watt		
Duty Cycle Rating	Continuous		
Coil Insulation	311°F (155°C)		
Electrical Connection	Connector with 24 AWG lead wires, and power save circuit		

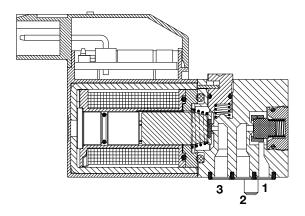
#### **Valve**

Response Time	~10 ms

#### **Alternate Construction/Options**

Additional constructions and options are available including alternate elastomers, latching coils and electrical connections. Minimum quantities apply.





### **Temperature Range:**

Ambient and Media: 41°F to 122°F (5°C to 50°C)

#### **Approvals:**



	Orifice Size (in)	Cv Flow Factor	Operating Pressure (psi)				
Port Type			Min.	Max.	Catalog Number	Power (Watts)	Weight (oz)
3/2NC - Norma	ally Closed						
	0.039	0.012	0	145	18805001xxxx	1.3	0.6
Pad Mount	0.051	0.027	0	87	18805006xxxx	1.3	0.6
Pad Mount	0.063	0.039	0	51	18805011xxxx	1.3	0.6
	0.075	0.044	0	29	18805016xxxx	1.3	0.6
3/2NO - Norma	ally Open						
	0.039	0.012	0	116	18805021xxxx	1.3	0.6
Pad Mount	0.051	0.027	0	58	18805026xxxx	1.3	0.6
	0.063	0.039	0	22	18805031xxxx	1.3	0.6
	0.075	0.044	0	7	18805036xxxx	1.3	0.6

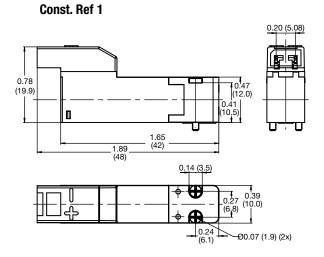
### **Catalog Number Description and Options**



#### Examples

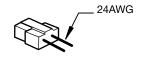
1880500124DC = 3-way normally closed with 0.039" orifice

### **Dimensions: Inches (mm)**



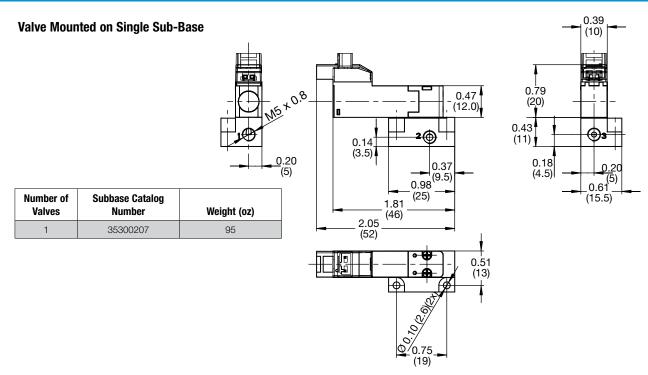
The connectors to be ordered separately. Includes one connector with two wires

Length	Catalog Number
20" (0.5m)	88118801
59" (1.5m)	88118802
118" (3m)	88118803

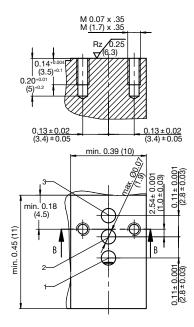




### **Dimensions (Continued): Inches (mm)**



#### **Manifold Interface**



## 2 and 3-Way Miniature Solenoid Valves

General Service • Manifold & Line Mount



The 411 Series is available in 2-way and 3-way constructions, designed to control the flow of air and inert gases. The valves are suitable for a wide range of OEM applications where small size, low power, and long life are critical.

- Cycle life in the hundreds of millions
- Corrosion resistant materials of construction
- Manifold mount construction allows for easy assembly
- Lower power consumption offers extended battery life

#### Construction

Valve Wetted Parts			
Body	PBT		
Gaskets	FKM, NBR, EPDM		
Bobbin/Core Tube	PBT		
Core and Plugnut	400 Series Stainless Steel		
Springs	300 Series Stainless Steel		

#### **Electrical**

Standard Voltages	5 VDC, 6 VDC, 12 VDC, 24 VDC	
Power Consumption	0.65, 2.0 Watts	
Duty Cycle Rating	Continuous	
Coil Insulation	266°F (130°C)	
<b>Electrical Connection</b>	.110" Spade, 24 AWG Hardwire	

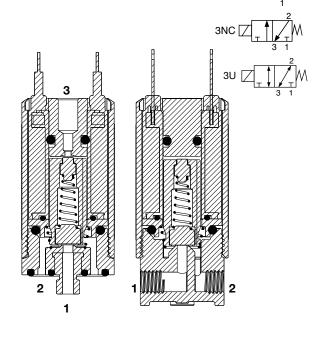
#### **Valve**

Response Time	~ 10 ms		
Internal Volume (Max.)	Line Mount = 620µl Manifold Mount = 564µl		
Vacuum Rating	29" Hg		
Options	Oxygen clean available 300 Series Stainless Steel Body		

### **Alternate Construction/Options**

Additional constructions and options are available including alternate elastomers and orifice sizes. Minimum quantities apply.





### **Temperature Range:**

Ambient & Media: -10°F to 140°F (-23°C to 60°C)

#### **Approvals:**

Meets applicable CE directives.
UL Recognized\*
CSA Certified\*

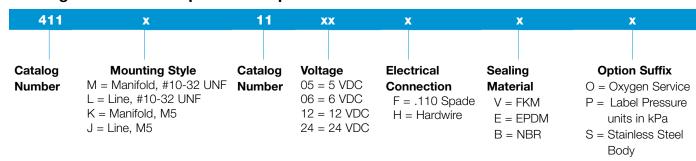
<sup>\*</sup> Stainless Steel Body Option Only



		Operating Pressure (psi)			Power	Weight		
Orifice Size	Cv Flow Factor (1)	Vac (in Hg)	Max.	Catalog Number	(Watts)	(oz)		
2/2NC - Normally Clo	2/2NC - Normally Closed							
0.030	.013	29	100	411x11xxxx	0.65	1.6		
0.055	.038	29	100	411x21xxxx	2.0	1.6		
0.080	.070	29	30	411x31xxxx	2.0	1.6		
3/2NC - Normally Clo	osed							
0.030 / .025	.013 / .008	29	100	411x12xxxx	0.65	1.6		
0.055 / .050	.038 / .033	29	100	411x22xxxx	2.0	1.6		
0.08 / .050	.070 / .033	29	30	411x32xxxx	2.0	1.6		
3/2U - Universal Ope	3/2U - Universal Operation							
0.030 / .025	.013 / .008	29	100	411x13xxHx	0.65	1.6		
0.055 / .050	.038 / .033	29	50	411x23xxHx	2.0	1.6		
0.08 / .050	.070 / .033	29	30	411x33xxHx	2.0	1.6		

<sup>(1)</sup> Cv Flow Factors are nominal

### **Catalog Number Description and Options**



#### To Construct Catalog Number

- Select catalog numbers
- Insert mounting style into 4th digit
- Insert voltage into 7th & 8th digits
- Insert electrical connection into 9th digit
- Insert seal material into 10th digit
- Insert option code into 11th digit (if more than one option code, put in alphabetical order)

#### Note:

Oxygen Service valves available with FKM or EPDM Seals only

3-Way Universal operation only available with hardwire electrical connection (H)

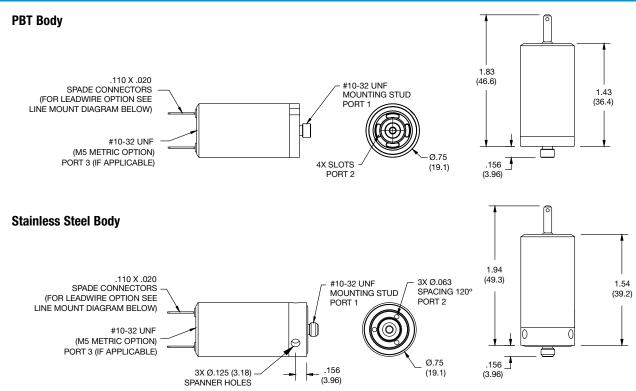
#### Examples

411M1124FV = 2-way normally closed manifold mount valve with 0.030 orifice, 24 VDC coil rating at 0.65 Watts, .110 spade connection, FKM seals 411L3212HV = 3-way normally closed line mount valve with 0.080 orifice, 12 VDC coil rating at 2.0 Watts, hard wire coil, FKM seals

411K1124HVOS = 2-way normally closed manifold mount and M5 stud with 0.030 orifice, 24 VDC coil rating at 0.65 watts, hardwire coil, FKM seals, clean for Oxygen use and Stainless Steel body

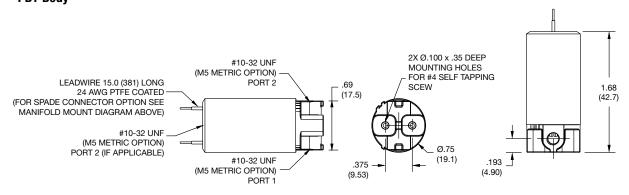


#### Dimensions: - 2 and 3-Way Manifold Mount Solenoid: Inches (mm)

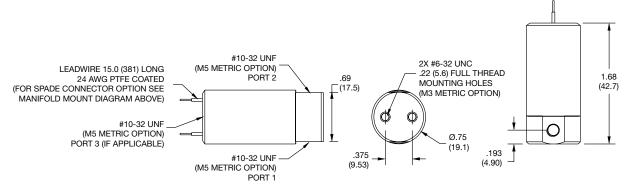


#### Dimensions: - 2 and 3-Way Line Mount Solenoid: Inches (mm)

#### **PBT Body**



#### **Stainless Steel Body**



# 2 and 3-Way Customizable Solenoid Valves







The RB Series is available in 2-way and 3-way constructions, designed to control the flow of air and inert gases. The valves are highly customizable and suitable for a wide range of OEM applications where light weight, low power, and long life are critical.

- Cycle life in the hundreds of millions
- Low power consumption and light weight offers extended battery life for portable devices
- Multiple body configurations to suite the application needs

#### Construction

Valve Wetted Parts				
Body	PBT, Brass			
Gaskets	FKM, NBR			
Bobbin/Core Tube	PBT			
Core and Plugnut	400 Series Stainless Steel			
Springs	300 Series Stainless Steel			

#### **Electrical**

Standard Voltages	ndard Voltages 5 VDC, 12 VDC, 24 VDC			
Power Consumption	0.5, 1.0, & 2.0 Watts			
Duty Cycle Rating	Continuous			
Coil Insulation	266°F (130°C)			
Electrical Connection	26 AWG Hardwire, Circuit Board Mount			

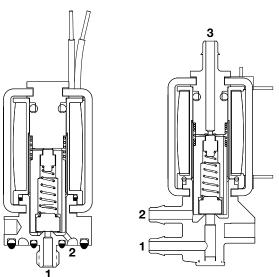
#### **Valve**

Response Time	~10ms			
Internal Volume	Line Mount = 718ml Manifold Mount = 604ml Barb Mount = 600ml Pad Mount = 587			
Vacuum Rating	29" Hg			
Options	Oxygen clean available			

#### **Alternate Construction**

Many alternative constructions are available and include a variety of voltages, electrical connectors, and porting styles. Minimum orders apply.





#### **Temperature Range:**

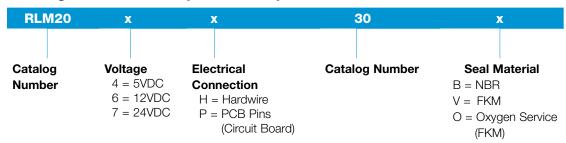
Ambient & Media: 32°F to 140°F (0°C to 60°C)

#### **Approvals:**



Body Style	Orifice Size	Cv Flow Factor	Maximum Pressure (psi)	Catalog Number	Power (Watts)	Weight (oz)
2/2NC - Normally Clo	osed					
	0.030	0.025	50	RLM20xx30x	0.5	1.5
	0.030	0.025	100	RHM20xx30x	2.0	1.5
# 10-32 Stud	0.050	0.055	25	RLM20xx50x	0.5	1.5
Manifold Mount, Brass (M)	0.050	0.055	50	RMM20xx50x	1.0	1.5
	0.050	0.055	100	RHM20xx50x	2.0	1.5
	0.080	0.080	25	RHM20xx80x	2.0	1.5
	0.030	0.025	50	RLL20xx30x	0.5	1.5
	0.030	0.025	100	RHL20xx30x	2.0	1.5
# 10-32 Female	0.050	0.055	25	RLL20xx50x	0.5	1.5
In-Line, Brass (L)	0.050	0.055	50	RML20xx50x	1.0	1.5
	0.050	0.055	100	RHL20xx50x	2.0	1.5
	0.080	0.080	25	RHL20xx80x	2.0	1.5
	0.030	0.025	15	RLB20xx30x	0.5	1.2
	0.030	0.025	50	RMB20xx30x	1.0	1.2
	0.030	0.025	100	RHB20xx30x	2.0	1.2
0.125" Barbed PBT (B)	0.050	0.055	10	RLB20xx50x	0.5	1.2
	0.050	0.055	35	RMB20xx50x	1.0	1.2
	0.050	0.055	70	RHB20xx50x	2.0	1.2
	0.080	0.080	25	RHB20xx80x	2.0	1.2
	0.030	0.025	15	RLF20xx30x	0.5	1.2
	0.030	0.025	50	RMF20xx30x	1.0	1.2
	0.030	0.025	100	RHF20xx30x	2.0	1.2
Pad Mount, PBT (F)	0.050	0.055	10	RLF20xx50x	0.5	1.2
	0.050	0.055	35	RMF20xx50x	1.0	1.2
	0.050	0.055	70	RHF20xx50x	2.0	1.2
	0.08	0.080	25	RHF20xx80x	2.0	1.2

### **Catalog Number Description and Options**



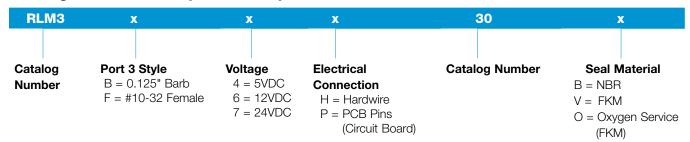
#### Examples

RLM204H30B = 2-way normally closed, manifold mount with 0.030" orifice, 0.5 watt, hardwire, NBR seals



Body Style	Orifice Size	Cv Flow Factor	Maximum Pressure (psi)	Catalog Number	Power (Watts)	Weight (oz)
3/2NC - Normally Clo	osed					<u>'</u>
	0.03 / 0.04	0.025	50	RLM3xxx34x	0.5	1.5
	0.03 / 0.04	0.025	100	RHM3xxx34x	2.0	1.5
# 10-32 Stud	0.05 / 0.05	0.055	25	RLM3xxx55x	0.5	1.5
Manifold Mount, Brass (M)	0.05 / 0.05	0.055	50	RMM3xxx55x	1.0	1.5
	0.05 / 0.05	0.055	100	RHM3xxx55x	2.0	1.5
	0.08 / 0.05	.080 / .055	25	RHM3xxx85x	2.0	1.5
	0.03 / 0.04	0.025	50	RLL3xxx34x	0.5	1.5
	0.03 / 0.04	0.025	100	RHL3xxx34x	2.0	1.5
# 10-32 Female	0.05 / 0.05	0.055	25	RLL3xxx55x	0.5	1.5
In-Line, Brass (L)	0.05 / 0.05	0.055	50	RML3xxx55x	1.0	1.5
, ,	0.05 / 0.05	0.055	100	RHL3xxx55x	2.0	1.5
	0.08 / 0.05	.080 / .055	25	RHL3xxx85x	2.0	1.5
	0.03 / 0.04	0.025	15	RLB3xxx34x	0.5	1.2
	0.03 / 0.04	0.025	50	RMB3xxx34x	1.0	1.2
	0.03 / 0.04	0.025	100	RHB3xxx34x	2.0	1.2
0.125" Barbed PBT (B)	0.05 / 0.05	0.055	10	RLB3xxx55x	0.5	1.2
1 21 (2)	0.05 / 0.05	0.055	35	RMB3xxx55x	1.0	1.2
	0.05 / 0.05	0.055	70	RHB3xxx55x	2.0	1.2
	0.08 / 0.05	.080 / .055	25	RHB3xxx85x	2.0	1.2
	0.03 / 0.04	0.025	15	RLF3xxx34x	0.5	1.2
	0.03 / 0.04	0.025	50	RMF3xxx34x	1.0	1.2
	0.03 / 0.04	0.025	100	RHF3xxx34x	2.0	1.2
Pad Mount PBT (F)	0.05 / 0.05	0.055	10	RLF3xxx55x	0.5	1.2
,	0.05 / 0.05	0.055	35	RMF3xxx55x	1.0	1.2
	0.05 / 0.05	0.055	70	RHF3xxx55x	2.0	1.2
	0.08 / 0.05	.080 / .055	25	RHF3xxx85x	2.0	1.2

# **Catalog Number Description and Options**

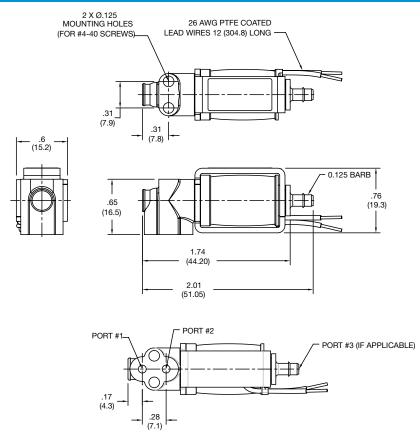


#### Examples

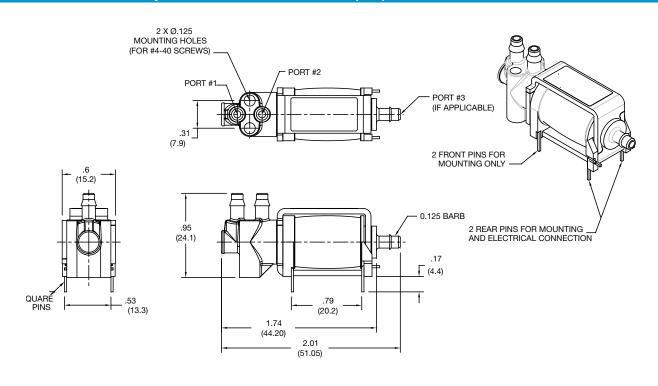
RLM3B7P34V = 3-way normally closed, manifold mount with 0.030" orifice, 0.5 watt, PCB coil, FKM seals



### Dimensions - 2 and 3-Way Pad Mount Solenoid: Inches (mm)

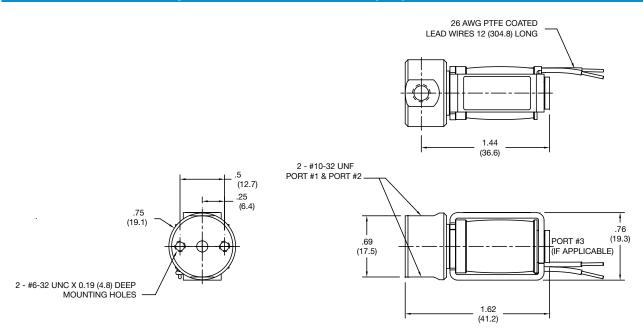


#### Dimensions - 2 and 3-Way Barb Mount Solenoid: Inches (mm)

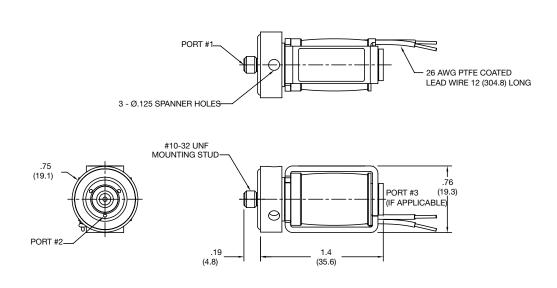




#### Dimensions - 2 and 3-Way Line Mount Solenoid: Inches (mm)



#### Dimensions - 2 and 3-Way Manifold Mount Solenoid: Inches (mm)



# **Series 451 Manifolds & Assemblies**

411 & RB Series Manifold Mount Valves



The Series 451 are anodized aluminum manifolds used with ASCO's 411 & RB Series solenoid valves. The manifolds are available separately or as completed valve/manifold assembly.

- Valves easily thread into manifold, reducing assembly time, eliminating potential leak points, and avoiding plumbing errors associated with tubing together stand alone valves.
- Manifolds are constructed of corrosion resistant anodized aluminum.
- Standard manifolds feature 1/8 NPTF common port and descrete #10-32 ports to mate with metal or plastic fittings.



#### Construction

Manifold	Anodized Aluminum
Descrete Manifold Ports	#10-32 UNF Female
Common Manifold Port	1/8" NPTF Female

# Manifold Assemblies & Manifold Only Part Numbering

Number of Stations Manifold Only Valves Assembled to Manifold		Valves Assembled to Manifold
1	51140001-01	Base Valve Number + A01
2	<b>2</b> 51140002-01 Base Valve Number + A02	
4 51140003-01 Base Valve Number + A04		Base Valve Number + A04
6	51140003-02	Base Valve Number + A06
8	51140003-03	Base Valve Number + A08
10	51140003-04	Base Valve Number + A10
12	51140003-05	Base Valve Number + A12

<sup>\*</sup> Manifold assemblies can only be ordered with 411 & RB manifold mount constructions

#### To Construct Catalog Number

- Select valve number from appropriate catalog section
- Select number of stations

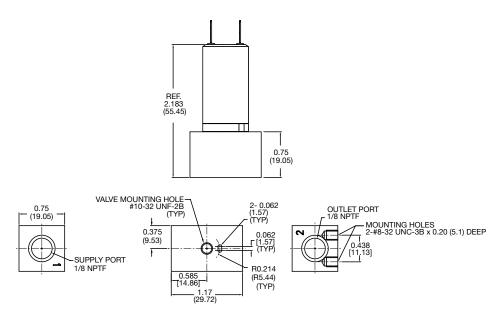
#### Examples

411M1105FVA08 = 8 411 Series catalog valves 411M1105FV mounted on 8 station manifold RLM201230VA02 = 2 RB Series catalog valves RLM201230V mounted on 2 station manifold 51140003-05 = 12 station manifold (no valves)

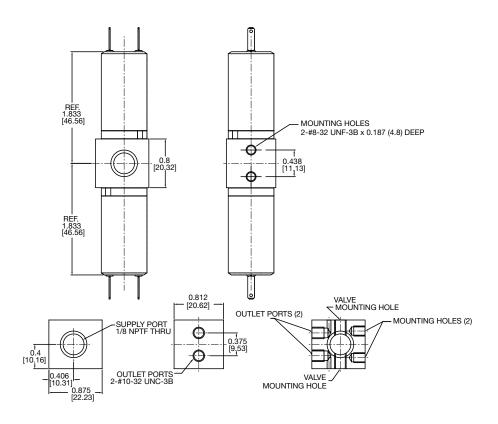


#### **Dimensions: Inches (mm)**

#### **Single Station Manifold**



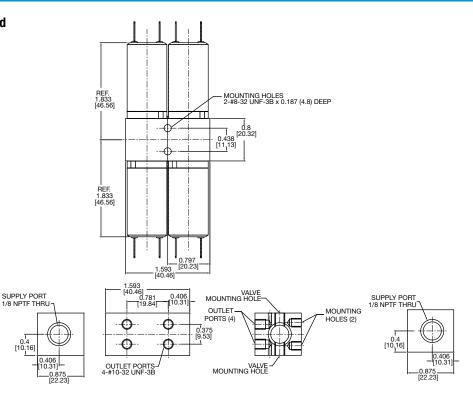
#### 2 Station Manifold





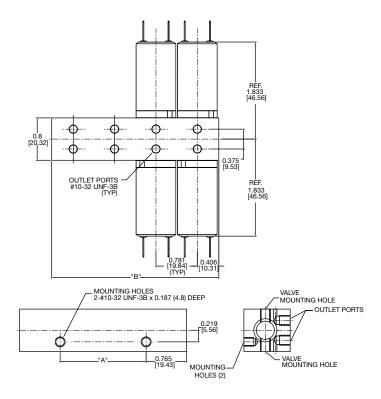
### **Dimensions (Continued): Inches (mm)**

#### **4 Station Manifold**



#### 6, 8, 10, 12 Station Manifolds

Number of Stations	DIM "A"	DIM "B"
6	.845 (21.46)	2.375 (60.35)
8	1.625 (41.28)	3.156 (80.16)
10	2.406 (61.11)	3.937 (99.99)
12	3.187 (80.95)	4.718 (119.84)



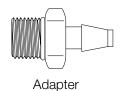




# **Adapter Fittings**

# Adapter Fittings for #10-32 UNF ports and Soft Tubing

Thread Size	Barb Size	Fitting Material Seal Material		Part Number
#10-32	1/16" I.D. Tubing	Polypropylene	FKM	F714-12
#10-32	1/8" I.D. Tubing	Polypropylene	FKM	F714-11
#10-32	1/16" I.D. Tubing	Brass	FKM	F765-02
#10-32	1/8" I.D. Tubing	Brass	FKM	F765-01



# **Couplings and Tees for Soft Tubing**

Туре	Barb Size	Fitting Material	Part Number
Coupling	1/16" to 1/16"	Polypropylene	F614-01
Coupling	1/8" to 1/8"	Polypropylene	F614-02
Coupling	1/16" to 1/8"	Polypropylene	F614-03
Tee	1/16"	Polypropylene	F612-01
Tee	1/8"	Polypropylene	F611-01



Coupling



## Pinch Valve Tubing & Guide



## **Tubing**

ASCO offers VQM tubing to be used with the Series 284, 384, 373, 388, 390, and 401 pinch valves. It is available in various sizes as listed below.

## **Specifications**

Tubing Material	Platinum Cured VQM		
Durometer	55+/-5 Shore "A" in accordance with ASTM D-2240		
Standards	Meets requirements of U.S. Pharmacopoeia XX, Class VI-Plastic Containers		

# Tubing Catalog Numbers Tubing for Series 373, 388, 390, and 401

Tub	ing Size (incl	nes)	
ID	OD	Wall	Tubing Catalog Number
1/32	3/32	1/32	F739-01
1/32	5/32	1/16	F739-02
1/16	1/8	1/32	F739-03
1/16	3/16	1/16	F739-04
3/32	5/32	1/32	F739-05
3/32	7/32	1/16	F739-06
1/8	3/16	1/32	F739-07
1/8	1/4	1/16	F739-08
3/16	1/4	1/32	F739-10
1/4	5/16	1/32	F739-11
1/4	3/8	1/16	F739-12
3/8h	1/2h	1/16	F739-13



Tubing for Series 284, 384

Tubin	g Size (in	ches)	
ID	OD	Wall	Tubing Catalog Number
.030	.065	.017	TB030X065SI1P
.040	.085	.022	TB040X085SI1P
.062	.095	.017	TB062X095SI1P
.062	.125	.031	TB062X125SI1P
.078	.125	.031	TB078X125SI1P
.104	.192	.044	TB104X192SI1P
.132	.183	.026	TB132X183SI1P
.187	.313	.063	TB187X313SI1P
.250	.375	.062	TB250X375SI1P

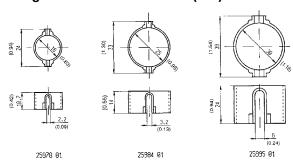
# **Tubing Guide**

ASCO offers plastic tubing guides that slide easily onto the valve body of the Series 284 & 384 pinch valves to retain small OD tubing in the pinch valve body.

Tubing Guide Cat. No	Max OD of Tubing (inches)	Valves Applicable
		SCH284A001
		SCH284A002
		SCH284A003
		SCH284A004
		SCH284A009
2597801	.085	SCH284A010
2097001	.003	SCH284A011
		SCH284A012
		SCH384A001
		SCH384A002
		SCH384A003
		SCH384A004
		SCH284A005
2598401	138	SCH284A013
		SCH394A005
		SCH284B006
		SCH284B007
2500501	.236	SCH284B014
2599501	.236	SCH284B015
		SCH384B006
		SCH384B007



**Tubing Guide Dimensions mm (ins.)** 





# Accessories DIN Electrical Connectors

Asco's electrical connection devices are designed using the DIN 43650, ISO 4400, and EN 175301-803 form standards consistent with our solenoid valve coil designs permitting industry interchangeability. Each size is available for user wiring or factory prewired installations.





Housing & Lid Glass-fiber reinforced polyamide

Seals NBR



#### **Electrical**

Number of Contacts 2 + groundContact Resistance  $\leq 4 \text{ milli-ohm}$ Electrical Safety IEC 335 Enclosure Protection IP65

#### Size 11 mm, Form B

Catalog Number	Description	Max Voltage	Cable Length (in)	Cable OD (in)	Figure	Weight (oz)
290414-001	Standard rotatable connector without LED indicator	250	-	0.24 - 0.32	Α	0.74
88122413	Standard non-rotatable connector without LED indicator	250	79	-	В	5.3

#### Size 18 mm; ISO 4400/EN 175301-803 Form A

Catalog Number	Description	Max Voltage	Cable Length (in)	Cable OD (in)	Figure	Weight (oz)
290411-001	Standard rotatable connector without LED indicator	250	-	0.24 - 0.32	С	0.74
88122612	Standard non-rotatable connector without LED indicator	250	79	-	D	5.3

#### Size 9.4 mm; DIN 43650 Form C

Catalog Number	Description	Max Voltage	Cable Length (in)	Cable OD (in)	Figure	Weight (oz)
290417-001	Standard rotatable connector without LED indicator	250	-	0.16 - 0.24	Е	0.35
272852-004	Standard non-rotatable connector without LED indicator	250	79	-	F	3.2



#### **Dimensions: Inches (mm)**

Figure A

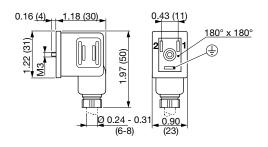


Figure B

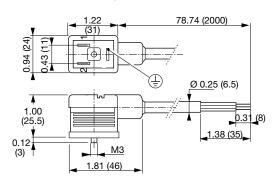


Figure C

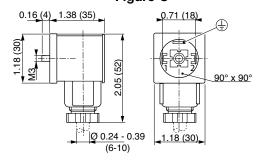


Figure D

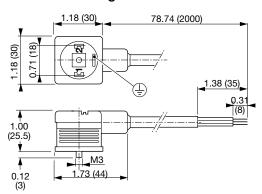


Figure E

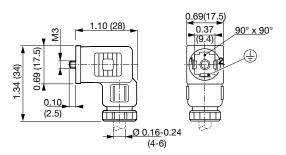
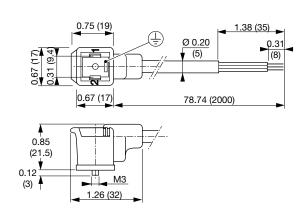


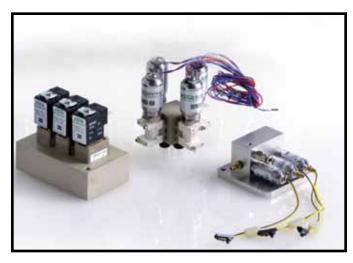
Figure F



# **Innovative Solutions**

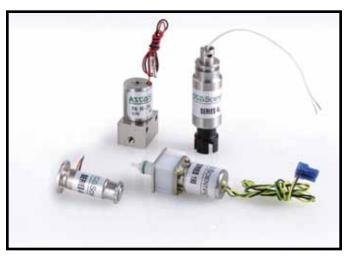
Valves & Assemblies

# ASCO



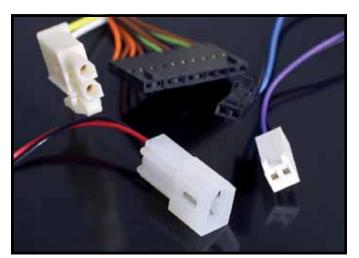
#### **Custom Manifolds & Assemblies**

ASCO has the ability to work with you to design a custom manifold for your specific fluid control requirements. We can design manifolds that include our solenoid valves as well as other components such as fittings, pressure sensors, relief valves, etc. Once the design is finalized, we can supply the complete assembly tested and ready for installation into your equipment.



#### Special body configurations and materials

To fit in a tight space or mount exactly in your equipment, ASCO can create custom body configurations. In addition, we can supply our existing products lines with various body and elastomer materials based on your fluid compatibility requirements.



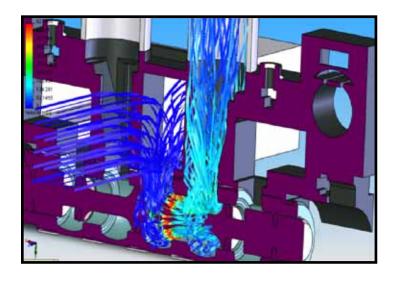
#### **Electrical Connectors/Special Voltage**

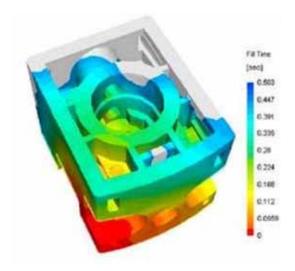
To simplify your wiring and reduce labor to install solenoid valves, we can provide our valves with any electrical connector you desire. We routinely provide valves with various connectors made by AMP, Molex, and other connector manufacturers.



#### Customer specific testing and cleaning

To ensure that our products perform as expected in your equipment, we can develop test procedures based on your exact requirements. Also, we can specially clean our valves and components to prevent contamination of the media in your equipment.





#### **Virtual Analysis**

ASCO has the ability to perform virtual analysis of your application whether it is mold flow or FEA analysis of a custom component to a complex computational fluid dynamic (CFD) analysis of your system. These tools greatly reduce the development time and cost of a project..





## **Rapid Prototyping**

Our Engineering group has the capability to take complex 3D model concepts and generate a physical working prototype in relatively short timeframe with multiple in-house rapid prototype machines.

# **ASCO**®

# **Engineering Information**

The following is general information for materials that are commonly used in ASCO solenoid valves. This information is not intended as a specific recommendation; factors beyond our control could affect valve operation or material properties of the components used in ASCO's valves may be different then the general material properties listed below.

#### **Elastomers**

#### NBR (nitrile, Buna-n)

NBR is commonly referred to as a Nitrile rubber. It has excellent compatibility for most air, water and light oil applications. Not recommended for highly aromatic gasolenes or acids. It has a working temperature range of 0°F to 180°F (-18°C to 82°C).

#### FKM (fluorocarbon elastomer)

FKM has a rather wide range of chemical compatibility. It is a fluorocarbon elastomer, which was primarily developed for handling hydrocarbons such as jet fuels, gasolenes, and solvents that normally caused detrimental swelling to NBR. FKM is not suitable for ketones, halogenated hydrocarbons or freon. FKM has a high temperature range similar to EPDM, but has the advantage of being somewhat more resistant to "dry heat". It has a useful temperature range of 0°F to 350°F (-18°C to 177°C).

#### EPDM, EPR (ethylene propylene)

Ethylene propylene is suitable for applications above the NBR temperature range, such as handling hot water and steam. It has a wide range of fluid compatibility and its useful temperature range is -10°F to 300°F (-23°C to 149°C). Ethylene propylene is not compatible with petroleum based fluids.

#### FFKM (perfluoroelastomer)

FFKM has virtually universal chemical resistance. It is extremely resistant to swelling, a cause of most seal failures. Because of the elasticity (soft seal) associated with FFKM, a virtually unsurpassed seal is created. FFKM will retain elasticity even after long term exposure to temperatures up to 600°F (316°C).

#### VMQ (silicone)

Known as the only elastomer, which under certain conditions, can be utilized for both high and low temperature. Also handles hydrogen peroxide and some acids. VMQ is not suitable for steam service. Fluorosilicone compounds are noted to have better fuel resistance.

#### **Plastics**

#### POM (acetal, Celcon(1))

Acetal resin type thermoplastics, which are extremely rigid but not brittle. They provide good toughness, tensile strength, stiffness and long life. They are odorless, tasteless, non-toxic and resistant to most solvents.

#### PBT (Valox(2))

PBT is a crystalline thermoplastic polyester with excellent chemical resistance. It has outstanding dimensional stability with high heat resistance and low moisture absorption. PBT also has a high surface gloss with an inherent lubricity.

#### PPS (polyphenylene sulfide, Ryton(3))

This resin has outstanding chemical resistance and no known solvents below 200°C. It has low friction, good wear resistance and high tensile strength.

#### PSU (polysulfone)

Known as one of the most heat resistant thermoplastics. It has excellent chemical resistance when used for inorganic acids, alkalies and aliphatic hydrocarbons.

#### PEI (polyethermide, Ultem(2))

This resin has good heat deflection characteristics. Good chemical resistance to non-oxidizing acids and polar solvents Questionable usage on alkaline solutions.

#### PEEK (polyetheretherketone)

High performance thermoplastic that has a continuous working temperature of 250°C. It has an excellent resistance to a wide variety of chemicals and solvents. PEEK has excellent flexural, tensile, and impact properties combined with outstanding fatigue resistance.

#### PTFE

PTFE is virtually unattacked by any fluid. It has a very wide temperature range. PTFE is not easily fabricated and is known to have objectionable "cold flow" characteristics, which may contribute to objectionable leakage, particularly on gases.

#### ETFE (ethylene tetrafluoroethylene)

ETFE is a fluoropolymer resin with a chemical resistance similar to PTFE. It is a more rugged material than PTFE making it more suitable for valve bodies with threaded ports.

#### CTFE (chlortrifluoroethylene, Kel-f(4))

Thermoplastic known for its excellent chemical resistance. It has near-zero absorption rate and a low coefficient of thermal expansion. This polymer structure can be used in temperatures ranging from -240°C to 200°C. It is nonflammable and liquid oxygen compatible.

#### Notes:

- <sup>1</sup> Celanese Plastics Co. trademark
- <sup>2</sup> GE Plastics trademark
- <sup>3</sup> Chevron Philips trademark
- <sup>4</sup> Daikin Industries trademark

# **Product Information**

Chemical Compatibility Guide



#### **General**

Our valves are available to control most acids, alcohol, bases, solvents and corrosive gases and liquids. Modified or special designs are sometimes required depending upon the fluid and application.

Corrosion occurs either as a chemical or electro-chemical reaction. Therefore, consideration must be given to both the galvanic and electromotive force series, as well as to pressure, temperature and other factors that might be involved in the application.

This guide provides information on most common corrosive and non-corrosive, unmixed gases and liquids.

Mixtures of different fluids and their temperatures are not included in this table. It's the user's responsibility to ensure the chemical and physical compatibility of the body and other materials with the fluids used.

For applications where abnormal conditions exist and for other types of valves, operations and fluids, contact us with full details of the operating conditions.

a		body materials												U		-1- 1			u. a ·	al .	$\neg$		
fluids	<u> </u>				body	y mate	erials I		1	1	1				0	ther r	nateri	iais in	conta	act wi	tn flui	a	-
↑ = Excellent		_																					
→ = Acceptable		ete ₽	tee	steel																			
∑ = Not recommended		S S/30	လွှတ	S 2	트								١, ١										
↓ = Do not use	_	303	31 31	lless 316L	:	Ze	일.	တ		$\times$		<u>_</u>	bei		Σ	>	_				_	111	
- = No data available	steel	stainless steel AISI 303/304	<u>Săi</u>	Fain	aluminium	bronze	cast iron	brass	Æ	PEEK	PPS	Silver	Copper	CR	EPDM	FFPM	FPM	NBR	<u>س</u>	PEI	POM	PTFE	TPE
A satalalah sala	S							٩					O	Ö		正		Z	$\supset$			1	
Acetaldehyde Acetic acid	/	↑ →	↑ →	↑ →	<u>→</u>	1	1	<b> </b>	<i>→</i>	1	→   ↑	↑ ↑	<b>\</b>	/	↑ →	1	<b>↓</b>	<b>↓</b>	<b>↓</b>	<u> </u>		1	<b>→</b>
Acetic acid Acetic anhydride	/		<b>→</b>	$\rightarrow$	<u>→</u>	/	/	1		1	 		/	<u> </u>	<b>→</b>	1		$\rightarrow$	ļ		<b>↓</b>	1	<b>↓</b>
Acetic arriyaride Acetone	1	<b>→</b>	<u>→</u>	<u>→</u>	<u>→</u>	1	1	<b>↓</b>	/	1	1	<u></u>	<u>`</u>	<b>→</b>	<u></u> ↑	1	<b>↓</b>	<u> </u>	↓ 	<b>→</b>	<b>1</b>		↓   
	   →	↑ ↑	1	1	<u> </u>	   K	1	   K	1	1	1	1	1	<u>\</u>		1	<b>↓</b>	1	1	<b>↓</b>	→ \	1	<b>→</b>
Acetonitrile	→   K	1	<u> </u>	1			1	1	1	, I	\ \ \				<u>→</u>	1	↓ 	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	<b>↓</b>	<b>→</b>		1	→ <u> </u>
Acetyloplasida	1		1	1	<u>→</u>	1				×	<b>→</b>	<u></u>	1	1		1	1	1	1	<b>→</b>		1	
Acetyl chloride	1	<u>→</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<b>↓</b>		<u>→</u>	<b>→</b>	/	1				1	<u>``</u>	1		1	1	1	<b>↓</b>	1	<b>↓</b>
Acetylene	1	1	1	1	1	1	 	→ +	<b>†</b>	1	1	<b>↓</b>	↓ <u> </u>	<b>\</b>		1	<b>1</b>	1	<b>↓</b>	<b>↓</b>	1	1	1
Air (lubricated) Air (unlubricated, dry)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	<b>*</b>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	<u></u>	<u>†</u>	<u>↑</u>	1		 	<u></u>		   ↑	↑ K	   K	_ \		1	<u></u>	1		<u></u>	1	<u>†</u>	<u>↑</u>	<u></u>	<u></u>
Alcohol ethyl (ethanol)	1	<u></u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	$\rightarrow$	1	<u></u>	<b> </b>	1		<u> </u>	<u></u>	<b>→</b>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1	<b>→</b>	1	↓ 	<b>1</b>	1	_ I	1
Alcohol methyl (methanol)	1	1		1	<u>→</u>	1	1	<u> </u>		_	<u></u>	1	<b>→</b>	1	<u>↑</u>		<b>↓</b>		<u> </u>	<u></u>	<u>↑</u>	1	1
Aluminium sulfate	<u>\</u>	<b>→</b>	<u></u>	1		<u>→</u>	<b> </b>	/	/	<u>↑</u>	1	<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>	1		1		<b>→</b>	↓	1		<u>†</u>	<b>→</b>
Ammonia, anhydrous	<u>†</u>	1	<u></u>	1		<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>		/	   K	/	/	$\downarrow$		<b>↑</b>	<b>→</b>	1	$\rightarrow$	1	1	7	1	7
Ammonia, aqueous	1	<b>→</b>	<u>†</u>	1	<u>↓</u> .l	/	$\rightarrow$	↓   	/		/	/	/	$\rightarrow$	1	→ <u>^</u>	$\rightarrow$	/	<u>↓</u>	1	↓ 	1	
Ammonia, water		<i>→</i>			<u> </u>	/		<b>+</b>	,	<b>^</b>	→ ×	,		<i>→</i>	1		<i>→</i>	,	↓ 	   ↑	<b>↓</b>	   ↑	
Ammonium hydroxyde	/		<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>		7	/	↓	<i>&gt;</i>	1	-	↓	1	<u>→</u>		<b>→</b>		\	<b>1</b>		<u>→</u>	1	$\rightarrow$
Amyl acetate	/	<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>	<u>→</u>	1	7	<b>→</b>	1	<u></u>	1	<u> </u>	1	<b>1</b>	1	<u>†</u>	Ţ	<b> </b>	<u> </u>	<b>→</b>	<b>↓</b>	1	/
Aniline	<u> </u>	<b>→</b>	1	 ↑		7	<b>→</b>	<u>→</u>	<u>\</u>	   ↑	<u>→</u>	1	,	<b>1</b>	<u>→</u>	1	<b>→</b>	<b>1</b>	↓ 	K	ĸ	   ↑	<u> </u>
Argon Barium chloride		1	<u></u>		_	<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>	1		1	 	1		<b>↓</b>	1	<u>†</u>	↑ ↑	1	1	1	1	<u> </u>	1
	/	<i>→</i>	1	1	<u> </u>	H	/	   →	/	<u> </u>	   ↑	1	→ 	<u> </u>	1	1	1	1	_   →	1		1	$\rightarrow$
Barium hydroxide	<u>\</u>		1	1	<u>↓</u>	1	<u> </u>	_		1	<u>↑</u>		-			1			<u>→</u>	1	1	1	<b>→</b>
Benzaldehyde Benzene pure	   →	↑ ↑	1	1		1	<u>↑</u>	$\rightarrow$	<b>→</b>	1	$\rightarrow$	<b>1</b>	→ →	↓ 	<u> </u>	1	<b>↓</b>	<b>↓</b>	↓ 	<b>→</b>	1	1	$\rightarrow$
Benzene sulfonic acid	$\rightarrow$	1	1	1	<u> </u>	   →		$\rightarrow$			$\rightarrow$		<b>→</b>	→	<b>\</b>	1	1	1	1	$\rightarrow$		1	$\rightarrow$
Borax	$\rightarrow$	1	1	1	<del>\</del>	<u></u> →	<b>↓</b>	$\rightarrow$	/	<b>↓</b>	<u></u>	1	→	<b>→</b>	<u>``</u>	1	1	→	<b>↓</b>	<u>→</u>	<u>\</u>	1	<u>→</u>
Bromine						-		<b>→</b>				<b>→</b>	_			1	1	_		   →		1	
Butadiene	<u>\</u>	<b>↓</b>	<u>``</u>	<u>``</u>	<u>↓</u>	<b>↓</b>	↑ ↑	1		\ \	<b>↓</b>	<b>→</b>	/	<b>→</b>	,	1	1	1	↓ 	1	<b>↓</b>	1	↓ 
Butane		1	1	1			   →	1	1	1	1			1	7	1	1	<b>↓</b>	<u> </u>	→	1	1	
Butanol (aqueous, butyl alcohol)	<u>\</u>	1	1	1	<i>→</i>	1		1	1	\ \	<u> </u>	<b>→</b>	<u>``</u>	1	↓ 	1	1	1	<u> </u>	<i>→</i>	1	1	$\rightarrow$
Butylene		1	1	1	<u> </u>		1		1	7	1	_			_	1	1		1	<i>→</i>	1	1	$\rightarrow$
Butyl acetate	1	1	1	1	<u> </u>	<u></u> ↑	1	→	1	1	1	<u> </u>	<b>↓</b>	1	<b>→</b>	1		→ 	1	$\rightarrow$		1	
Butylamine	1	1	1	1	1		1	_	1	_		<b>→</b>	1	1		1	1	1	1	$\rightarrow$	1	1	
Butyl ether	1	1	1	1	<u> </u>		1	_		1	<b>↓</b>	1	1	1	\ \	1	<u>↓</u>	<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>	<del>   </del>	1	1	1
Calcium chloride					1	<b>→</b>		1	1	1	1	1	<b>→</b>	1	1	1	<b>↓</b>	<u></u>	<u>→</u>	<b>→</b>	1	1	<b>↓</b>
Calcium sulfate	→ 	<b>→</b>	<u>→</u>	<u>→</u>	<u>↓</u>	<b>→</b>	↑ ↑	1	1	1	1	1	<b>→</b>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Σ,
Carbon dioxide (wet/dry)	1	<b>→</b>	1	1	<u> </u>	$\rightarrow$	1	1	1	\ \	1	1				1	1	1	1	1	<b>↓</b>	1	
Carbon tetrachloride	1	\	_			<u></u> →	1	<b>↓</b>	_	1		<b>→</b>		<u></u>	<u></u>	1	1		1	<u> </u>	1	1	\
Caustic soda		1	1	<u>\</u>	1				<u>\</u>	1		7	7	1	<b>↓</b>	1	1	-		Α,	1	1	<u>↓</u>
Cellosolve	<b>→</b>	_ `	1	1	_ ,	<u></u>	_ `	<u></u> →	1	Υ.	<b>→</b>			1		1	_	1	1	1	1	1	
Celiopoive		→			$\rightarrow$	\	→			\				↓	→		/	↓	↓				↓

Please note that the chemical resistance may be influenced by many factors, such as temperature, concentration, etc. This data is for information only.

# **Product Information**



Chemical Compatibility Guide

fluids					body	mate	erials								C	ther r	nater	ials in	conta	act wi	th flui	d	
↑ = Excellent		_										1						I		T			
→ = Acceptable		s steel	steel	steel																			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		     	st		⊱																		
Not recommended     Not recommended		88/	16	198	.≣	(D)	l o						ī i		_								
↓ = Do not use	<u>a</u>	33	138	뿐인	÷≡	NZ	≟.	SS		米	CO	ē	dc			Σ	5	Œ			≥	Щ	l l
- = No data available	steel	stainless AISI 303/3	stainless a AISI 316	stainless AISI 316L	aluminium	bronze	cast iron	brass	A	PEEK	PPS	Silver	Copper	R	EPDM	FFPM	FPM	NBR	l H	PE	POM	PTE	TPE
Chlorobenzene	<i>→</i>	→	1	1	ı	<u>→</u>	1	1	<u>_</u>	1	1	<del>                                    </del>	<u>→</u>	Ī	L L	1	1	_		<u> </u>	L	1	
Chloroform		1	1	1	<del>\</del>	1	/	<b>→</b>	1	1	<del> </del>	1		1	<b>↓</b>	1	1	1	1	Ī	<u></u> ↑	1	<b>\</b>
Chlorosulfonic acid					1		1	<i>→</i>			1	\	1	1	1	1		1	1	\ \	_	1	<u> </u>
		/	\ \	<u>,</u>	<u>↓</u>	<u> </u>	1	<u> </u>	/	<u> </u>	↓ 	_	<b>→</b>	1	\ \		<u>`</u>	↓ 	<b>↓</b>		<u>↓</u>	1	↓
Chlorine (wet)	,	/	<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>		<u></u>		<b>↓</b>	/	, 	1	<u> </u>		<b>↓</b>		<b>→</b>		<b>↓</b>	ļ .	↓ ↓	<u> </u>		<b>↓</b>
Chromic acid (25%)		/	Ţ	Ţ		_/	<del> </del>	<b> </b>	/	/	<del> </del>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	↓ ↓	Ţ	I	T	<del> </del>	↓	<b>→</b>	<u> </u>	Ī	<b> </b>
Chromic acid, concentrated	/	/	/	\ <u></u>		_	↓	<b> </b>	<b>→</b>	/		\		↓ ↓	7	1	1	↓	↓	<b>→</b>		1	<b> </b>
City gas	\	1	1	1	\	\	1	1	\	\	\	\	$\downarrow$	$\rightarrow$	↓	1	1	1	<b>→</b>	\	\	1	\
Coffee	\	1	1	1			1	\	1	\	\	\		1	1	<u></u>		1	<u> </u>	1		1	\
Coke oven gas	1	1	1	1	\	$\rightarrow$	1	/	1	\	\	1	1	\	↓	1	1	/	↓	\	1	1	\
Detergent	<b>→</b>	1	1	1	1	1	<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>	1	\	1	\	/	<b>→</b>	1	1	1	1	↓	1	1	1	<b>→</b>
Diesel fuel	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\	1	1	1	<b>→</b>	1	1	1	1	\	<b>→</b>	1	1	<b>→</b>
Dimethyl formamide	<u> </u>	Ť	1	Ť	1			<u></u>	1	1	<u> </u>	1	<u> </u>	1	<b>→</b>	Ť	\		1	1	\	1	<b>→</b>
Dimethyl phtalate	1	1	1	1	1	\	1	1	1	\	1	\	1	i	<b>→</b>	1	→ ×	I	1	1	`\	1	1
Ethylene chloride	1		1	1		1	\		1	1	<del> </del>	1	1	1	\	1	<i>→</i>	I	ī	\	1	1	
Ethylene diamine	_ '		1	1	<u></u>		1			_		1	_ /	<b>↓</b>	<u>\</u>			<b>→</b>	<del> </del>	1	1	1	χ.
-	<u>→</u>	$\rightarrow$	_   →	_   →		<u>→</u>		1 1	<del>→</del>	<b>→</b>	$\rightarrow$	_ `	1	1		<u>→</u>	<u> </u>		1	1	1	1	
Ethylene dichloride			<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>			1		1		_	1	<b>→</b>	1	<u> </u>		<b>→</b>	<b>1</b>	↓	_		1	<u>`</u>
Ethylene glycol	<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>	I	T	<u>→</u>	1	<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>	I.I.	1	1	1	<u>→</u>	1	1	1	1	I I	<b>→</b>	1	<b>→</b>	T	1
Ethylene oxide	<b>→</b>	1	1	1	<u> </u>	1	7	1	/	\	<b> </b>	\ <u>\</u>	$\downarrow$	↓ ↓	/	1	1		↓	/	1	1	1
Ferric chloride	↓ ↓	↓ ↓	\	\	$\downarrow$	/	1	↓	1	$\rightarrow$	1	<b>→</b>	. ↓	$\rightarrow$	1	1	1	1	1	1	$\rightarrow$	1	1
Ferrous chloride	↓	↓		\	ļ	/	↓	↓ ↓	\	1	1	<b>→</b>	/	$\rightarrow$	1	1	1	1	\	1	$\rightarrow$	1	1
Formaldehyde	$\rightarrow$	\	1	1	$\rightarrow$	1	1	<b> </b> →	1	<b>→</b>	\	1	$\rightarrow$	<b>→</b>	1	1	$\rightarrow$	<b>→</b>	↓	1	1	1	<b>→</b>
Formic acid	\	<b>→</b>	1	1	Ţ	_	Ţ	<b>→</b>		<b>→</b>	1	\	Ţ	1	1	1	$\overline{\ }$		1	1	Ţ	1	<b>→</b>
Freon 11	<u>→</u>	1	1	1	\	1	<u>→</u>	<b>→</b>	\	1	1	1	1	i	İ	<u> </u>	1	<b>→</b>	İ	1	1	1	1
Freon F-12	<b>→</b>	1	1	Ť	<u>x</u> _	<u> </u>	<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>		Ť	1	1	<u> </u>	1	$\rightarrow$	_	<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>	1	1	1	1	1
Freon 22	<b>→</b>	1	1	<u>†</u>	i i		Ţ	1	1	1	1	1			<b>→</b>	1	<b>→</b>	1	i i	i i	1	1	i
Freon T WD602	<b>→</b>	1	1	1	<del>+</del>		<u> </u>	1	1		1	1	1		<b>→</b>		1	→ —	<b>↑</b>	<u></u>		1	<u> </u>
Fuel oil	1	1	1	1	<u>↓</u>		<b>→</b>		1	1	1	1		<i>→</i>	1	1	1	1		1		1	<u> </u>
	1	1	1	1			-		1		1	1		_	↓ 	1	1		<u> </u>	_	_	1	1
Fuel oil #6	1		1	<u> </u>	<u>,</u>	1	1		1	K	1	_ \		1	<b>1</b>	1	1	<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>	_ \	<u> </u>	1	
Fuel ASTM Ref Fuel A	Ī	T	Ī	T		Ţ	1	T	I	\	I	\		<b>→</b>	. ↓	\	Ī	T	T	\	<b>1</b>	T	T
Fuel ASTM Ref Fuel B	1	1	Ī	T		Ī	1	1	Ī	\	T	\		1	↓ ↓		1	1	<b>→</b>	\	<u> </u>	1	1
Fuel ASTM Ref Fuel C	1	1	1	1	\	<u></u>	1	1	1	\	1	\	\	↓ ↓	↓	\	1	<b>→</b>	↓	\	$\downarrow$	1	1
Fuel ASTM #1 Oil	1	1	1	1	\		1	1	1	\	1	\	_	1	↓	\	1	1	1	\	↓	1	1
Fuel ASTM #2 Oil	1	1	1	1	\	1	1	1	1	1	1	\	\	$\rightarrow$	. ↓	\	1	1	<b>→</b>	\	$\downarrow$	1	1
Fuel ASTM #3 Oil	1	1	1	1	/	1	1	1	1	1	1	\	/	\	1	/	1	1	<b>→</b>	\	1	1	1
Fuel ASTM #4-5 Oil	1	1	1	1	$\overline{\ }$	1	1	1	1	\	1	\	1	Ţ	Ţ	\	1	<b>→</b>	l l	\	Ţ	1	1
Furan	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	_	1	1	1	1	Ī	1	\	1	1		1	1	1
Furfural	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			\	1	$\rightarrow$	<u> </u>	Ť	<b>→</b>	1	Î	Ĭ	Ì	Î	<b>→</b>	1	
Gasoline (petrol)	1	1	1	<b>†</b>		1	1	1	1	1	1	1		<b>→</b>		1	1	1	→ ×	i	1		1
Gasoline 100 octane	_	1	1	<u> </u>	_	1	1	<u> </u>	1	_	1	\	7	<b>→</b>	1	\	1	1	<b>→</b>	1	1	1	1
Glycogenic acid		1	1	<u> </u>				7		_	1		_		→				<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>	1	1	_
	1	1	1	1	7		<b>1</b>	1	<b>→</b>	1	1	$\rightarrow$		<u> </u>		1	_ `	<b>1</b>		\	1	1	$\rightarrow$
Glycol						1	1	_ `	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	1		1	1		1	<u> </u>	<b>→</b>				<u>\</u>
Helium	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	<b>→</b>	1	1	\		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\
Heptane	Ī	Ī	Ī	T	<u>Ī</u>	Ī	1	Ī	Ī	Ī	Ī	1	1	<b>→</b>	Ų.	Ţ.	<u> </u>	T	<b>→</b>	\	Ī	Ī	<b>→</b>
Hydraulic fluids	<b>→</b>	1	1		1	1	1	1	1	\	1	\		1	<b>→</b>	<u> </u>	1	$\perp$	L ↓	1	<b>→</b>	1	1
Hydraulic oil	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	/	\	1	1	1	<b>→</b>	1	1	1	<b> </b>	1	↓	$\rightarrow$	1	1
Hydrofluoric acid (50%)	ļ	↓	\	\	<u> </u>	\	1	\	1	1	\	<b>→</b>		$\rightarrow$	1	1	$\rightarrow$	/	↓	$\rightarrow$	1	1	↓
Hydrogen gas	1	1	1	1	Ţ	1	1	1	<b>→</b>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
		<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>		1	1		1	<b>→</b>	1	1	1	<b>→</b>	1	1	1	\	1	1	1	1
			<b>†</b>	1	\.	\	\\	\	\	1	<b>→</b>	i	j	<b>→</b>	1	1	j	j	<b>→</b>	1	1	1	1
Hydrogen peroxide (30%)	\	\			X	N.	X	<b>A</b>	1	_	\	1	7	1	Ţ	1	1	1		_			7
Hydrogen peroxide (30%) Hydrogen sulfide (dry hot)	<u>\</u>	<u>\</u>	1	1	1	1	T														\	↑	
Hydrogen peroxide (30%) Hydrogen sulfide (dry hot) Isobutylene	<u>`</u>	<u>\</u>	↑ ↑	<b>†</b>	<u>†</u>		<u>†</u>	1		7	1	Ι.	Τ,	_	1	↑ ↑	1	1		<u> </u>	1	1	_
Hydrogen peroxide (30%) Hydrogen sulfide (dry hot) Isobutylene Jet fuels (JP1 through 5)	1	1	1	1	Î	1	1	ļ	\	\	1	1	<u> </u>	\	<b>1</b>	1	1	↑ ↑	→ 	→	<u>†</u>	1	\
Hydrogen peroxide (30%) Hydrogen sulfide (dry hot) Isobutylene Jet fuels (JP1 through 5) Jet fuels (JP 6)	† †	<u>†</u>	† †	† †	↑ ↑ <u>`</u>	<u>†</u>	↑ ↑	↓ ↓ ↓	\	\	Ż	N	1	\ 	<u></u>	† †	† †	† †	Ţ	→ ↓	↑ ↑	<u>†</u>	\
Hydrogen peroxide (30%) Hydrogen sulfide (dry hot) Isobutylene Jet fuels (JP1 through 5) Jet fuels (JP 6) Kerosene (kerosine)	1	† †	1	1	Î	1	↑ ↑	ļ	\			1	_ \	\_\ ↓ →	↓ ↓ ↓	† †	† †	↑ ↑	↓ →	→ ↓ →	† †	† †	\\ \\ \
Hydrogen peroxide (30%) Hydrogen sulfide (dry hot) Isobutylene Jet fuels (JP1 through 5) Jet fuels (JP 6) Kerosene (kerosine) Lactic acid	↑ ↑ ↑	<u>†</u>	1	1	Î	† † †	↑ ↑ ↑	↓ ↓ ↑	1	↑ ↑	↑ ↑	↑ ↑	↑ →	↓ → →	↓ ↓ ↓ →	† †	† † †	1	↓ → <u>`</u>	→ ↓ → ↑	† † †	† † †	\\ \\ \
Hydrogen peroxide (30%) Hydrogen sulfide (dry hot) Isobutylene Jet fuels (JP1 through 5) Jet fuels (JP 6) Kerosene (kerosine)	† †	† †	1	1	Î	<u>†</u>	↑ ↑	ļ	\	\	Ż	1	1	\_\ ↓ →	↓ ↓ ↓	† †	† †	↑ ↑ ↑	↓ →	→ ↓ →	↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ×	† †	\\ \\ \

Please note that the chemical resistance may be influenced by many factors, such as temperature, concentration, etc. This data is for information only.

# **Product Information**

Chemical Compatibility Guide



fluids					hody	/ mate	-rials									ther r	mater	ials in	conta	act wi	th flui	<u>—</u>	
i = Excellent	-	<del>o</del>	<del>o</del>	<del>o</del>	bou	,αι	Jiiuis					1				7.11.101 1	iator	1010 111	50110	201 VVI	ar nul	<u></u>	
1.		steel 304	ste.	steel -	_																		
→ = Acceptable		3/3(3)	ပ္သတ	88	E		⊆																
∑ = Not recommended	l _	3 <u>6</u>	35	35	<u>:</u>	Ze	≌	ဟ		$\times$		<u></u>	be		Σ	5	_				_	111	
↓ = Do not use	steel	stainless AISI 303/3	stainless steel AISI 316	stainless s AISI 316L	aluminium	bronze	cast iron	brass	A	PEEK	Sdd	Silver	Copper	CR	EPDM	FFPM	FPM	NBR	E E	ᇤ	POM	PTFE	TPE
- = No data available	St	₽¥	₽¥	₹ V	<u></u>	ā	ö	ā	_	٦	<u></u>	S	O		<u> </u>	正		Z		Д.		<u>ic</u>	_
Liquid petroleum gas (LPG)	/	T	T	T	/	1	/	1	<b>→</b>	/	1	1	1	<b>→</b>	↓ ↓	T	1	T	1	↓	<b>→</b>	T	<b>→</b>
Lubricating oils, di-ester	1	1	1	1	<u> </u>	1	1	\	<b>→</b>		1	1	1	$\searrow$		1	1	<b>→</b>	$\rightarrow$	\	\	1	L ↓
Lubricating oils, petroleum base	1	1	1	1	1	\	1	1	\	\	\	\	$\rightarrow$	$\rightarrow$	<u> </u>	1	1	$\rightarrow$	$\rightarrow$	/	1	1	1
Lubricating oils, SAE 10, 20, 30, 40	1	1	1	1		\	1	1	\	\	\	\	\	<b>→</b>		1	1	1	<b>→</b>	\	1		1
Magnesium acetate	1	1	1	1	1	/	\	$\rightarrow$	$\rightarrow$	\	1	\	\	\	1	\	1	1	1	1	\	1	\
Magnesium hydroxide	1	1	1	1	ļ	\	$\rightarrow$	$\rightarrow$	$\rightarrow$	1	1	\	\	$\rightarrow$	1	1	1	<b>→</b>	\	1	1	1	<b>→</b>
Methane	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	$\rightarrow$	1	1	1	1	\	$\rightarrow$	1	1	$\rightarrow$
Methyl ether ketone (MEK)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	↓	$\rightarrow$	/	$\rightarrow$	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\	<b>→</b>	1	<b>→</b>
Mineral oil	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	/	1	1	<b>→</b>	$\rightarrow$	1	1	1	1	1	<b>→</b>	1	1	1
Morpholine	<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>	1	<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>	\	<b>→</b>	/	<b>→</b>	\	\	$\rightarrow$	1	1	Ţ	1	\	\	\	1	\
Naphta	1	1	1	1	1	1	<b>→</b>		1	/	<b>→</b>	1	<b>→</b>	/	Ţ	1	1	\	\	\	1	1	1
Natural gas	<u> </u>	Ì	1	1	Ť	1	<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>	1	<u> </u>	1	1	<b>→</b>	1	Ţ	1	1	1	<b>→</b>	1	1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Nitric acid (10%)	\	1	1	1	j	\	Ţ	Ţ	\	1	`.	\	Ţ		<b>→</b>	1	1	İ	\	1	\	1	<b>→</b>
Nitric acid, concentrated	1	1	1	1	Ţ	1	1	Ì	1	<u></u>	1	\	Ī	Ţ	1		1	İ	1	İ	\	1	I
Nitro benzene	1	<u> </u>	1	1	<u> </u>	$\rightarrow$	Ť.	1	Ť		$\rightarrow$	1	1	Ť	j	1		Ť	Ť	$\rightarrow$	→ ×	<b>†</b>	Ť
Nitro methane		1	1	1	<u></u>	<b>→</b>	→ ×	1	→ ×		<b>→</b>	-	1		<u>→</u>	1	I	Ť	1		1	1	1
Nitrogen	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	χ 1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	<b>→</b>
Nitro propane	1	1	1	1	1	_	1	_	_			_	_			1	i		T.	_	_	1	_
Octane	1	_	1	1	Τ,	\	_	_	1	7	7	1	1	<b>+</b>	- 1	1	1	1	1		7	1	1
Octane carboxylic acid	_	_	Ι.	1			7	7	_			_	7	<u>\</u>	<u> </u>		_	1	1	<b>↓</b>		1	_
Octanol	\	_	1	1	1	1	1	_	1	7	7	1	1	<b>→</b>	<u> </u>	1	1	$\rightarrow$	1		7	1	7
Oleic acid		<b>→</b>	<u> </u>	1		<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>		1			1		<u>→</u>		1	<u> </u>		<b>→</b>	1	1	1	1
Olive oil	1	$\rightarrow$	1	1	<u> </u>	<u>→</u>	<b>→</b>	<u>→</u>		Τ,	1	\	Υ.	$\rightarrow$	<u>→</u>	1	<u>→</u>	<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>	1	1	1	\ \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
	<b>→</b>	$\rightarrow$				<u> </u>		<u>→</u>	<b>→</b>		<u> </u>		<b>→</b>	<u>→</u>	<u>→</u>	1	1	<u> </u>	1	<u> </u>	\ \	1	_
Oxygen, cold		→ K	→ K	→ \	→ K	<u>→</u>	κ.	K.				_	→ \			1		<b>→</b>		×	× ×	1	1
Oxygen 121 - 204°C (250 - 400 °F)	\	<u> </u>		_ \			\ \	<u> </u>	↓		<u> </u>	\			<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<b> </b>	1		, ,		
Oxygen, gas	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	<b>→</b>	,	, 	<b>→</b>	1	<b>→</b>	1	•	1	1	1			1	,
Ozone (dry)	1	1	1	1	<b>→</b>	1	1	1	/			<u>→</u>	<b>1</b>	/	<u>T</u>	1	\	<b>1</b>	1	ļ .	<b>1</b>	<u>\</u>	/
Palm oil	`	1	Ī	1	1		1	<u>`</u>	`		_	\	1	`	_	<u>\</u>	1	1	<b>→</b>		1	1	\
Palmic acid	\	<b>→</b>	Ī	1	<u>→</u>	`	`	\ <u>\</u>	1	`\	<b>→</b>	\	<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>	<u>→</u>	1	1	Ī	1	\	\	1	\
Paraffin	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\	\	<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>	<u> </u>	1	1	1	<b>→</b>	1	1	1	\
Pentane	\	<b>→</b>	1	1	<u> 1</u>	\	<b>→</b>	. ↓	<b>→</b>	\	\	1	<b>→</b>	1	<u> </u>	1	1	1	. ↓	\	1	1	\
Pentanol	\		_	\	<u> </u>	\	\		\		\	\	\	1	1	_	<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>	1	\		1	\
Perchloroethylene ("Perk")	$\rightarrow$	1	1	1		$\rightarrow$	$\rightarrow$	\	\	1	<u> </u>	1	<b>→</b>	<u> </u>		1	1	↓	. ↓		1	1	
Petrol	<b>→</b>	1	1	1	<b>→</b>	1	<b>→</b>	/	1	1	1	\	\	$\rightarrow$	<u> </u>	1	1	1	<b>→</b>	1	1		\
Petroleum benzine	1	1	1	1	\	\	1	$\rightarrow$	$\rightarrow$	\	1	\	\	$\rightarrow$	<u> </u>	\	1	1	$\rightarrow$	\	\	1	\
Petroleum ether	<b>→</b>	1	1	1	$\rightarrow$	\	$\rightarrow$	1	1	1	1	\	\	<b>→</b>	1	1	1	1	<b>→</b>	1	1	1	1
Petroleum naphtha	1	1	1	1	/	1	\	\	<b>→</b>	\	\	\	1	$\rightarrow$	1	\	1	1	<b>→</b>	1	<b>→</b>	1	\
Petroleum oil above 121°C (250°F)	1	1	1	1	\	1	\	\	<b>→</b>	\	\	\	\	_↓	1	1	<b>→</b>	1	<b>↓</b>	\	<b>→</b>	1	\
Petroleum oil below 121°C (250°F)	1	1	1	1	\	1	1	\	<b>→</b>	\	\	1	1	$\rightarrow$	1	1	$\rightarrow$	1	$\rightarrow$	1	<b>→</b>	1	\
Phenol	$\rightarrow$	<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>	↓	$\rightarrow$	\	$\uparrow$	1	1	<b>→</b>	$\downarrow$	1	1	1	↓ ↓	↓ l	\	1	1	↓
Phenilic acid	1	\	\	1	\	$\rightarrow$	\	↓ ↓	\	\	\	\	1	↓ I	1	\	<b>→</b>	↓ ↓	↓ ↓	\	\	1	1
Phosphoric acid 10%	$\rightarrow$		<b>→</b>	$\perp$		ightharpoons	_ ↓	<b></b>			1	$\vdash$	$\perp$	$\rightarrow$	1	1	1	1	1	1			\
Phosphoric acid, concentrated	\	1	1	1	1	\	1	1	<b></b>	>	1	<b>→</b>	1	1	$\rightarrow$	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Pine oil	1	1	1	1	1	1	→	<b>→</b>	1	1		\	\	$\downarrow$	Ţ	1	1	<b>→</b>	\	\	1	1	Į į
Poly propylene glycol	1	1	1	1	1	1	<b>→</b>	1	<b>→</b>	1	1	\	\	Ţ	1	1	1	1	1	1	Ţ	1	1
Potassium acetate	1	<u>·</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	J.	\	1	1	_	1	1	1	$\rightarrow$	<b>→</b>	1	Ť	Ţ		Ţ	1	1	1	\
Potassium bicarbonate	1	<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>	Ī	→	\	\\	<b>→</b>	1	1	\	1	1	\	1	1	1	1	\	\	1	\
Potassium carbonate	1	<b>→</b>	1	1	1	<b>→</b>	1	$\rightarrow$	<b>→</b>	1	$\uparrow$	1	1	$\uparrow$	$\overrightarrow{\uparrow}$	1	1	1	1	1	^	1	_
Potassium chloride		\			→ —	1	<b>→</b>	ı	<b>→</b>	1	1	ì	<b>→</b>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	ì
Potassium hydroxide (50%)	→ ×	1	1	1	1	-	\	1		1		<b>→</b>	_			1				1	1	1	1
Potassium nitrate	<del> </del> →		1	1	<b>†</b>	1	→ ×	→ —		1	1	<u></u>	<u>``</u>	<b>†</b>	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	1
Potassium phosphate	$\rightarrow$	→ ————————————————————————————————————				Υ.	1	$\rightarrow$	<b>→</b>	1	Υ.		<b>→</b>	1	<u> </u>	1	1		\	Υ.	<b>→</b>	1	_
	, →				<u> </u>	$\vdash$	<b>↓</b>			1	_	<u> </u>	_	1	1	 		<b>→</b>	<u> </u>	<u>                                   </u>	-	1	1
Dotoccium cultato	<b>†</b>		1 1	1 1																			
Property Pro	1	<b>→</b>	1	1	<u> </u>	<b>→</b>	↓ ↓	<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>	T	 	→ ×	→	$\vdash$	<u> </u>		1	<b> </b>		,	<b>^</b>	1	<b>— `</b>
Propane	↑ ↑	<b>→</b>	↑ ↑	<u>†</u>	<b>↓</b>	1	→ 	→ →	<b>→</b>	1 1	1 1	→ <u>`</u>	1		<u> </u>	↑ ↑	  ↑  -	1	<u> </u>	↓ ↓	1	<u> </u>	$\rightarrow$
	↑ ↑	→ ↑ ↑	↑ ↑	† †	<b>↓</b> ↑		→ ↑			↑ ↑	1 1		→ ↑ \	<u> </u>	<u>↓</u>	↑ ↑	↑ ↓	<u>†</u>	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	<b>↓</b>	1	1 ↑	<b>— `</b>

Please note that the chemical resistance may be influenced by many factors, such as temperature, concentration, etc.





Chemical Compatibility Guide

fluids					hody	/ mate	erials									ther r	nateri	ials in	cont	act w	th flui		
↑ = Excellent						inale	Ji IUIS					1				7.1.101 1	laten	110		101 11	I		
→ = Acceptable		steel 304	<u>R</u>	<u>@</u>																			
		ste 304	ste	ste	Ε																		
⊥ = Do not use		388	stainless steel AISI 316	9SS 316	aluminium	ø.	cast iron			١.,			ē		_	_							
- = No data available	क्र	3		Sign	Ξ	bronze	st i	brass		PEEK	တ္ဆ	Silver	Copper	~	EPDM	FFPM	FPM	E E	_	Ь.	POM	PTFE	ىيا
	steel	stainless ster AISI 303/304	Stea	stainless steel AISI 316L	alc	bro	Sa	brig	₹	出	PPS	ŝ	ပိ	R	出	出	윤	NBR	R	PET	2	ᇤ	TPE T
Propylene chloride	1	$\rightarrow$	1	1	ļ	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	ļ	ļ	1	$\rightarrow$	1	1	\	1	1	1
Pydraul 10E, 29ELT	\	1	1	1	\	\	1	\	\	\	\	1	<b>→</b>	↓ ↓	<b>→</b>	1	1	↓	↓ ↓	\	\	1	\
Pyridine	1	$\rightarrow$	1	1	$\rightarrow$	<b>→</b>	$\rightarrow$	\	1	1	1	\	/	↓ ↓	<b>→</b>	1	↓ l	↓	↓ ↓	/	<b>→</b>	1	1
Saccharose	<b>→</b>	1	1	1	\	\	1	1	\	\	<b>→</b>	\	<b>→</b>	1	1	\	1	1	↓ ↓	\	\	1	\
SAE oils	\	\	\	\	\	\	\	\	\	\	1	\	<b>→</b>	$\rightarrow$	<b>↓</b>	\	1	1	1	\	\	1	1
Salt water	\	\	\	\	ļ	1	1	↓	1	\	1	\	<b>→</b>	1	1	1	1	1	↓	1	1	1	\
Soda	<b>→</b>	1	1	1	1	<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>	1	\	1	1	<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>	1	1	$\rightarrow$	\	<b> </b> →	\	1	1	$\rightarrow$
Sodium carbonate	1	$\rightarrow$	1	1	\	1	$\rightarrow$	$\rightarrow$	$\rightarrow$	\	1	1	$\rightarrow$	1	1	1	1	1	\	1	1	1	$\rightarrow$
Sodium chloride	\	/	<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>	\	1	$\rightarrow$	\	$\rightarrow$	1	\	<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Sodium hydroxide (caustic soda)	1	$\rightarrow$	1	1	↓	1	\	↓	1	1	<b>→</b>	1	\	<b>→</b>	1	1	<b>→</b>	\	<b>→</b>	1	1	1	1
Sodium hypochlorite	/	/	/	\	Ţ	\	Ţ	\	/	1	/	<b>→</b>	Ţ	\	<b>→</b>	1	1	/	1	<b>→</b>	Ţ	1	/
Sour natural gas	\	1	<b>→</b>	$\rightarrow$	\	1	\	1	\	\	\	\	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\	\	1	1
Steam to 107°C (225°F)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\	\	<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>	\	1	1	↓	\	1	\	\	1	\
Steam 107 - 148°C (225 - 300°F)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\	\	<b>→</b>	\	\	1	1	1	1	1	1	\	\	1	\
Steam over 148°C (300°F)	1	1	1	1	1	1	/	1	\	\	<b>→</b>	\	1	1	\	1	1	1	1	\	\	1	\
Stoddard solvent	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\	1	/	/	\	1	/	↓	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	/
Sulphur dioxide, liquid	1	$\rightarrow$	1	1	1	<b>→</b>	1	\	/	/	1	/	/	<b>→</b>	1	1	1	1	\	1	1	1	1
Sulphuric acid, concentrated	/	$\rightarrow$	$\rightarrow$	<b></b>	$\downarrow$	/	1	1	\	1	$\rightarrow$	↓	1	1	$\rightarrow$	1	1	1	↓	/	1	1	/
Tetrachloroethylene	1	1	1	1	ļ	1	1	<b>→</b>	\	\	<b>→</b>	1	1	1	<b>↓</b>	1	1	1	↓	1	1	1	\
Tetrahydrofuran	1	1	1	1	$\rightarrow$	1	\	1	1	1	\	\	1	1	$\rightarrow$	1	1	1	/	/	1	1	$\rightarrow$
Toluene	<b>→</b>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	<b>→</b>	1	1	1	↓	1	1	/	↓	1	\	1	/
Tri chloro ethylene	$\rightarrow$	$\rightarrow$	$\rightarrow$	<b>→</b>	$\rightarrow$	$\rightarrow$	$\rightarrow$	1	\	1	<b>→</b>	1	\	1	↓	1	1	\	↓	\	$\rightarrow$	1	↓
Tri chloro acetic acid	\	1	\	\	ļ	1	<b>→</b>	/	\	1	1	1	$\downarrow$	/	$\rightarrow$	1	\	$\rightarrow$	↓	$\rightarrow$	1	1	↓
Turpentine	1	<b>→</b>	1	1	1	1	$\rightarrow$	\	$\rightarrow$	\	1	1	<b>→</b>	ļ	↓ ↓	1	1	1	↓ ↓	<b>→</b>	1	1	<b>→</b>
Vaseline	1	1	1	1	\	\	1	1	1	\	1	\	\	$\rightarrow$	<b>↓</b>	\	1	1	1	\	\	1	\
Vegetable oils	1	1	1	1	1	1	$\rightarrow$	$\rightarrow$	1	\	\	\	1	↓	$\rightarrow$	1	1	1	\	1	1	1	\
Vinegar	\	1	1	1	ļ	\	\	\	1	1	1	1	$\rightarrow$	$\rightarrow$	1	1	1	\	↓	1	$\rightarrow$	1	1
Water	\	1	1	1	\	\	\	\	\	\	\	\	\	$\rightarrow$	1	1	$\rightarrow$	1	\	\	\	1	1
Water, acid mine	\	$\rightarrow$	1	1	ļ	\	1	\	1	\	1	\	$\downarrow$	1	1	\	1	<b>→</b>	\	1	1	1	1
Water, deionized	\	1	1	1	1	$\rightarrow$	/	1	↓	\	1	\	$\rightarrow$	1	1	<b>→</b>	1	<b>→</b>	\	\	$\rightarrow$	1	1
Water, distilled lab	\	$\rightarrow$	1	1	<b>→</b>	1	\	$\rightarrow$	$\rightarrow$	1	1	1	\	\	1	\	1	1	1	1	$\rightarrow$	1	1
Water, drinking	\	1	1	1	1	\	\	↓	1	\	\	\	\	<b>→</b>	↓ ↓	\	1	1	↓ ↓	\	\	1	1
Water, fresh	1	1	1	1	$\rightarrow$	1	$\rightarrow$	1	1	1	1	1	<b>→</b>	$\rightarrow$	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water, heavy	\	\	\	\	\	\	\	\	1	\	1	\	\	<b>→</b>	1	1	1	1	<u></u>	1	1	1	1
Water, sea/river	/	$\rightarrow$	<b>→</b>	1	<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>	/	\	<b>→</b>	1	1	1	<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>	1	\	1	<b>→</b>	1	1	1	1	1
Water glass	1	1	1	1	\	\	1	$\rightarrow$	1	\	1	\	<b>→</b>	1	1	\	1	1	\	1	1	1	1
Waterproofing salt	\	1	/	/	$\rightarrow$	1	1	<b>→</b>	1	\	1	\	\	<b>→</b>	\	\	\	<b>→</b>	1	1	1	1	1
Xenon	\	1	1	1	1	\	\	1	1	1	1	\	\	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	\	1	\
Xylene	1	$\rightarrow$	<b>→</b>	<b>→</b>	1	1	$\rightarrow$	$\rightarrow$	$\rightarrow$	1	$\rightarrow$	1	1	Ţ	1	1	1	1	1	<b>→</b>	1	1	$\rightarrow$
Zinc chloride	1	\	\	\	ļ	\	1	↓	1	1	1	$\rightarrow$	$\downarrow$	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	. ↓	1	1

Please note that the chemical resistance may be influenced by many factors, such as temperature, concentration, etc.

This data is for information only.

# **Engineering Information**Conversion Tables



#### Length

	meter	inch	foot	yard
1 m	1	39.37	3.2808	1.0936
1 in	0.0254	1	0.0833	0.0278
1 ft	0.3048	12	1	0.033
1 yd	0.9144	36	3	1

 $1 \text{ m} = 10^{-3} \text{ km} = 10 \text{ dm} = 10^{2} \text{ cm} = 10^{3} \text{ mm} = 10^{6} \text{ } \mu\text{m} = 10^{12} \text{ nm}$ 

#### Area

	cm²	m²	sq.inch	sq.foot	sq.yard
1 cm <sup>2</sup>	1	1x10 <sup>-4</sup>	0.155	1.0764x10 <sup>-3</sup>	1.196x10 <sup>-4</sup>
1 m <sup>2</sup>	1x10 <sup>4</sup>	1	1550	10.764	1.196
1 sq in	6.4516	0.64516x10 <sup>-3</sup>	1	0.00694	0.772x10 <sup>-3</sup>
1 sq ft	929.0	0.0929	144	1	0.1111
1 sq yd	8360	0.8360	1296	9	1

 $1 \text{ m}^2 = 10^{-6} \text{ km} = 10^{-4} \text{ ha} = 10^2 \text{ dm}^2 = 10^6 \text{ mm}$ 

#### Mass

	kiloarom	nound	to	ons		
	kilogram	pound	short (US)	long (Imp)		
1 kg	1	2.205	1.102x10 <sup>-3</sup>	0.9843x10 <sup>-3</sup>		
1 lb	0.4536	1	0.500x10 <sup>-3</sup>	0.4464x10 <sup>-3</sup>		
1 short ton (US)	907.2	2000	1	0.8929		
1 long ton (Imp)	1016	2240	1.12	1		

 $1 \text{ kg} = 10^3 \text{ g} = 10^2 \text{ dkg}$ 

#### Density

Delibity					
	kg/ltr	kg/m³	pound cubic foot	nal	und Ion
			Cubic 1001	Imperial	US
1 kg/ltr	1	1000	62.43	10.022	8.345
1 kg/m³	0.001	1	0.06243	0.010022	0.008345
1 lb/cu ft	0.01602	16.02	1	0.16054	0.1337
1 lb/gal (lmp)	0.0998	99.78	6.229	1	0.8327
1 lb/gal (US)	0.1198	119.8	7.481	1.201	1

#### Volume

	liter	3	cubic	cubic	gall	ons
	(dm³)	m <sup>3</sup>	inch	foot	US	Imperial
11	1	1x10 <sup>-3</sup>	61.024	0.03531	0.2642	0.220
1 m <sup>3</sup>	1000	1	61024	35.31	264.2	220
1 cu in	16.387x10 <sup>-3</sup>	16.387x10 <sup>-6</sup>	1	0.5787x10 <sup>-3</sup>	4.329x10 <sup>-3</sup>	3.606x10 <sup>-3</sup>
1 cu ft	28.320	28.320x10 <sup>-3</sup>	1728	1	7.481	6.229
1 US gal	3.785	3.785x10 <sup>-3</sup>	231	0.1337	1	0.8327
1 Imp gal	4.546	4.546x10 <sup>-3</sup>	277.3	0.1605	1.210	1

Imperial = British

#### **Specific Volume**

	ltr/kg	m³/kg	cubic foot pound
1 ltr/kg	1	0.001	0.01602
1 m³/kg	1000	1	16.02
1 cu ft/lb	62.43	0.06243	1

#### **Force**

	Newton	kilopound	poundal
1 N	1	0.1020	7.24
1 kp	9.807	1	70.90
1 pdl	0.1383	0.0141	1

1 N = 10<sup>5</sup> dyn; 1 dyn = 1 g x 1 cm/S<sup>2</sup> 1 kg = 1 kg x g 1 Poundal = 1 Pound x g

#### **Pressure**

	1 bar = 10 <sup>5</sup> N	1 at = <u>1 Kp</u>	poundal	poundal sq in	1 atm = 760 Torr = 760 mm	_	Hg column (0°C)		H <sub>2</sub> O column (WC) (4°C)		
	m²	cm <sup>2</sup>	sq ft	= Psi	Hg (0°C)	mm Hg = Torr	in Hg	m H <sub>2</sub> O	ft H <sub>2</sub> O		
$1 \text{ Pa} = 1 \text{ N/m}^2$	1x10 <sup>-5</sup>	1.02x10 <sup>-5</sup>	0.0209	1.45x10 <sup>-4</sup>	9.87x10 <sup>-6</sup>	0.0075	2.95x10 <sup>-4</sup>	1.02x10 <sup>-4</sup>	3.35x10 <sup>-4</sup>		
1 bar	1	1.0197	2089	14.504	0.9869	750	29.5	10.20	33.5		
1 at	0.980665	1	2048	14.22	0.96784	735.56	29.0	10.00	32.8		
1 pdl/sq ft	0.4790x10 <sup>-3</sup>	0.4882x10 <sup>-3</sup>	1	6.944x10 <sup>-3</sup>	0.4725x10 <sup>-3</sup>	0.359	0.141	4.88x10 <sup>-3</sup>	0.0160		
1 pdl/sq in = Psi	0.06895	0.07031	144	1	0.06806	51.7	2.04	0.703	2.31		
1 atm	1.013	1.033	2120	14.70	1	760	29.09	10.33	33.9		
1 mm Hg	1.330x10 <sup>-3</sup>	1.360x10 <sup>-3</sup>	2.78	0.0193	1.316x10 <sup>-3</sup>	1	0.0394	0.0136	0.0446		
1 in Hg	0.0339	0.0345	70.7	0.4910	0.0334	25.4	1	0.3450	1.133		
1 mH <sub>2</sub> O	0.0981	0.1000	205	1.4220	0.0968	73.6	2.90	1	3.28		
1 ft H <sub>2</sub> O	0.0299	0.0305	62.4	0.4340	0.0295	22.4	0.883	0.3050	1		

1 N = Pa (Pascal) = 10 dyn Work Fneray Heat Content  $1 \frac{\text{kp}}{\text{m}^2} = 10^{-4} \frac{\text{kp}}{\text{cm}^2} = 1 \text{ mm WC (at 4°C)}$ 

Work, Energy, Heat Content										
			Btu				wer hour ph)	ton-day	1 Joule	
	1 kcal	1 kp m	(British thermal unit)	ft poundal	1 kWh	metrical 75 <u>kp m</u> h s	imperial 550 ft.lb h	of refrigeration	= 1 Nm = Ws	
1 kcal	1	427.0	3.968	3088	1.163x10 <sup>-3</sup>	1.581x10 <sup>-3</sup>	1.560x10 <sup>-3</sup>	13.779x10 <sup>-6</sup>	4190	
1 kpm	2.342x10 <sup>-3</sup>	1	9.294x10 <sup>-3</sup>	7.233	2.723x10 <sup>-6</sup>	3.704x10 <sup>-6</sup>	3.653x10 <sup>-6</sup>	32.270x10 <sup>-6</sup>	9.807	
1 Btu	0.252	107.59	1	778.0	0.293x10 <sup>-3</sup>	0.398x10 <sup>-3</sup>	0.3931x10 <sup>-3</sup>	3.472x10 <sup>-6</sup>	1055	
1 ft pdl	0.3238x10 <sup>3</sup>	0.13826	1.285x10 <sup>-3</sup>	1	0.377x10 <sup>-6</sup>	0.512x10 <sup>-6</sup>	0.505x10 <sup>-6</sup>	4.462x10 <sup>-9</sup>	1.356	
1 kWh	860	367.1x10 <sup>-3</sup>	3412.8	2.655x10 <sup>6</sup>	1	1.360	1.341	11.850x10 <sup>-3</sup>	2.6x10 <sup>6</sup>	
1 PSh	632.3	270x10 <sup>-3</sup>	2509	1.953x10 <sup>6</sup>	0.7353	1	0.9863	8.713x10 <sup>-3</sup>	2.65x10 <sup>6</sup>	
1 hph	641.1	273.7x10 <sup>-3</sup>	2545	1.980x10 <sup>6</sup>	0.7457	1.014	1	8.834x10 <sup>-3</sup>	2.68x10 <sup>6</sup>	
1 ton-day	72.57x10 <sup>-3</sup>	30.99x10 <sup>-(</sup>	288x10 <sup>3</sup>	244.1x10 <sup>6</sup>	84.39	144.78	113.2	1	304x10 <sup>6</sup>	
1 J	0.239x10 <sup>-3</sup>	0.102	0.948x10 <sup>-3</sup>	0.738	0.278x10 <sup>-6</sup>	0.378x10 <sup>-6</sup>	0.372x10 <sup>-6</sup>	3.280x10 <sup>-9</sup>	1	

1 erg = 1 dyn cm =  $10^{-7}$  Nm; 1 kJ =  $10^{3}$ J

# **Engineering Information**Conversion Tables



Capacity, Energy Flow, Heat Flow

	1 kcal	1 kp m	British thermal	1 kcal/s = British theor.	1 kW =		wer hour P)	US Standard commercial	British commercial
	h	s	unit per hour	unit of refrigeration	1 kJ/s	metrical 75 kp m s	imperial 550 ft lb s	ton of	ton of refrigeration
1 kcal/h	1	0.1186	3.968	0.278x10 <sup>-3</sup>	1.163x10 <sup>-3</sup>	1.581x10 <sup>-3</sup>	1.560x10 <sup>-3</sup>	0.331x10 <sup>-3</sup>	0.299x10 <sup>-3</sup>
1 kp m/s	8.4312	1	33.455	2.342x10 <sup>-3</sup>	9.804x10 <sup>-3</sup>	13.333x10 <sup>-3</sup>	13.150x10 <sup>-3</sup>	2.792x10 <sup>-3</sup>	2.520x10 <sup>-3</sup>
1 Btu/h	0.252	29.89x10 <sup>-3</sup>	1	0.07x10 <sup>-3</sup>	0.293x10 <sup>-3</sup>	0.398x10 <sup>-3</sup>	0.393x10 <sup>-3</sup>	0.083x10 <sup>-3</sup>	75.310x10 <sup>-3</sup>
1 kcal/s									
Brur	3600	427.0	14.285x10 <sup>-3</sup>	1	4.186	5.693	5.615	1.190	1.078
1 kW	860.0	102.0	3414	0.2389	1	1.360	1.341	0.2846	0.2572
1 HP	632.3	75	2509.3	0.1756	0.736	1	0.9863	0.2094	0.1891
1 hp	641.2	76.04	2545	0.1781	0.7455	1.014	1	0.2123	0.21227
1 ton	3024	358.2	12.0x10 <sup>3</sup>	0.831	3.513	4.776	4.711	1	0.9037
1 Br ton	3340	396.9	13.26x10 <sup>3</sup>	0.9277	3.888	5.287	5.214	1.1045	1

**Enthalpy Difference, Specific Heat** 

A la	kJ	kcal	Btu	10	kJ	kcal	Btu
Δh	kg	kg	pound	Δs	kg K	kg °C	pound °F
1 kJ/kg	1	0.239	0.43	1 kJ/kg K	1	0.239	0.239
1 kcal/kg	4.19	1	1.80	1 kcal/kg °C	4.19	1	1
1 Btu/lb	2.33	0.556	1	1 Btu/lb °F	4.19	1	1

 $<sup>1 \</sup>frac{\text{cal}}{\text{g}} = \frac{\text{kcal}}{\text{kg}}$ 

**Formulas for Temperature Calculation** 

	_	
T celsius = $\frac{5}{9}$ (Tf - 32)	T fahrenheit = $\frac{9}{5}$ (Tc + 32)	T kelvin = Tc + 273

Tc = temperature Celsius

Tf = temperature Fahrenheit

Tk = temperature Kelvin

#### **Temperatures**

Common temperatures in degrees Kelvin and corresponding Celsius and Fahrenheit equivalents

Kelvin (K)	Celsius (°C)	Fahrenheit (°F)	Kelvin (K)	Celsius (°C)	Fahrenheit (°F)
0	- 273	- 459	273	0	32
17	- 256	- 429	289	16	61
33	- 240	- 400	305	32	90
49	- 224	- 371	321	48	118
65	- 208	- 342	337	64	147
81	- 192	- 314	353	80	176
97	- 176	- 285	369	96	205
113	- 160	- 256	385	112	234
129	- 144	- 227	401	128	262
145	- 128	- 198	417	144	291
161	- 112	- 170	433	160	320
177	- 96	- 141	449	176	349
193	- 80	- 112	465	192	378
209	- 64	- 83	481	208	406
225	- 48	- 54	497	224	435
241	- 32	- 26	513	240	464
257	- 16	- 3	529	256	493

#### **Common Orifice Sizes**

inches	mm
3/64 (.0469)	1.19
1/16 (.0625)	1.59
5/64 (.0781)	1.98
3/32 (.0937)	2.38
1/8 (.1250)	3.18
5/32 (.1562)	3.97
11/64 (.1719)	4.37
3/16 (.1875)	4.76
7/32 (.2187)	5.55
1/4 (.2500)	6.35
9/32 (.2812)	7.14
5/16 (.3125)	7.94

inches	mm
7/17 (.4375)	11.11
1/2 (.5000)	12.70
5/8 (.6250)	15.88
11/16 (.6875)	17.46
3/4 (.7500)	19.05
1 (1.000)	25.40
1 1/8 (1.250)	28.58
1 1/4 (1.2500)	31.75
1 1/2 (1.5000)	38.10
1 3/4 (1.7500)	44.45
2 (2.0000)	50.80
3 (3.0000)	76.20

Notes



Notes



Notes





# **Global Contacts**

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